TERMS OF DAILY BEMSCRAT TO THE

Miz Months 1 50 the Month.

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED. We do ire to procur the services of a local agent in every Postoffice District in the State. Will our

person in our behalf? Belleving that the circulation this appeal to our triemls in its behalf.

The President's Message.

This document is tetter written than any that has been presented to the country from the same quarter. It gives a fair account of our foreign relations, and of the financial condition of the country. We shall order to notice the main subject of the mes-Government; one which our fathers did not venture to meddle with, for they compreand temper of the message is as well as more brass than brains. could be expected. It is argumentative and respectful, and should be treated as it ap-

Is will be seen that it is based on the irrepressible conflict. Free and slave States cannot live together, notwithstanding our experience of nearly a century to the contrary. All that is required is, that one subject alone, except so far as their obligations to the Constitution require. As long as the free States shall assume that it is their mission to correct the sins of the world as long as they feel remorse for the action of others, the contest will be irrepresto be judged. Their attempts to force a tion upon other States is mere imperti- loyal Democrat. We wish him success. nence. The Union was not made to give them such power, and its conditions do not justify the effort. Slavery in the Southern States is no more their business than slavery in Cutia is; and an overture to buy and liberate the slaves in Cuba finds just as much warrant in our Constitution, or the autocedents of this Government, as the overture of the Federal Government to buy and emancipate the slaves of the South.

It is an admitted doctrine in all the States that the white man shall give to the black man just the status that suits the former. This is true of the free States as well as the slave States. The former have given the latter generally no political rights, much less social equality.

The white men of the free States will not allow the negro to vote, to hold office, to serve on juries, to bear testimony in court, and some of them exclude him from their soil. The Southern States treat the black man upon the same principle. They only go a s.ep further in practice. They estab lish property in the services of the negro, and divide the race out to the use and control of individuals. The free States would at least approximate the same policy if they had the same number of the black race to deal with. It is only the proportions of the two races that makes the practical difference in the States. Some of the free States lying near the slave States avoid the difficulty by refusing the black emigrant into

their borders. be done quietly and peaceably; that the offer of pay for the emancipated negro will reconcile the white man to this radical tearing up of social organizations that are the growth of ages?

The offer of pay is well meant, but offensive. It is the offer of pay to tempt a man to do what with his whole heart and judgment he condemns. Convince the Southern States that the status of the negro established amongst us is wrong, or that the policy is injurious, and they will dispose of slavery themselves; but as long as they believe it is adapted to the happiness of both races, and to the prosperity of the country, they will reject, with no very respectful emotion towards the author, the proposition to surrender the hest interest of their section for

Gae of Mr. Lincolu's own friends tells him and the rest of the country that the negro race has increased under the protection of the system of slavery and that when that protection is removed, the negro will perish, like the Judian, and his place will be supplied by the white laborer. Is not this true? Does the President suppose that under any other system the black race would have increased as it has done in the Fouth? Would the negro, out of the protection of slavery, have fared any better than the Indian? Would be now fare any better it emancipated, as the President desires? Does he not suppose that, upon breaking up the present relation of white and black he would introduce, not only an irrepressible, but a bloody, remorseless conflict, that would fill the friends of humanity with hor-

A few years ago a conflict was started up between the native-born and the foreigner of the same race, and have we forgotten the scenes of that period" It was all trifling, however, compared with the scenes that a disturbance of the relations of the black and regular subscribers they were sold for ten white races would bring upon our country. It is not a question of property, but a question of races, which involves the peace, the order, and the very existence of society in one-third of the Union.

It is a singular delusion that the adoption of this plan would end the rebellion. If, indeed, the South should suddenly be converted to the views of Mr. Lincoln, so as to sterling-with them. concur with him in his scheme of getting rid of slavery, the rebellion would cease; but the conspirators who got up this rebellion got all their support by charging that thing else that is taxed rises, why not the what the President now proposes was his river? object and the object of his party. They can say now, we told you so; you have it

Does Mr. Lincoln suppose that this very est living ornaments of science may proposition will not add intensely to the elected without opposition. rebel furor? If every slave was to-day set | STOCK IN TRADE, Hosiery.

free in the South would it end the rebellion? Would not the prejudice, ambition and hate remain-nay, be increased ten-

This slavery question is au old sore that the President proposes to cure by friction. The more it exasperates the more he insists and tlatters himself with the notion of the quictness and ease with which the plan witl go into effect. It is a strange delusion, which a man could hardly he misled by outside of that hothed of, folly, Washington

GEN. BOYLE. — Unconditionally loyal Fellow-Citizens of the Senate and House of Representatives kentuckians have long been urging the removal of Gen. Boylc, whose order, to the same effect with Gen. Halleck's Order No. has just been published. They believe hat men of their own stamp should comnand the Union armies.

We find this in the dispatch of a Washington correspondent to the New York Tribuuc, and we should like to see a list of these unconditional Union mon of Kenpass over these subjects for the present, in tucky who trot to Washington to magnify themselves, and babble against men who sage—the emancipation of the slaves of the have borne the burden and heat of the day close of the last session of Congress. If United States, an entire change of the in the Union cause. The people of this the condition of our relations with other State would like to see the names of these other in the slave States. It introduces a noodles. We have a few radicals in Kennew subject to be taken up by the Federal tucky of no influence; but surely they don't set themselves up as unconditional Univ men. They could not pretend to be such, hended the impracticability of it. The tone and look white men in the face, without

> Governor Tod, of Ohio, says that only ten citizens of Obio have been arrested. Eight confined within the State had a speedy trial and were released. The re- National arms, and which were exaggeratmaining two are confined out of the State.

llumphrey Marshall's library was seized at Carrollton, taken to Cincinnati, section of the Union shall let the whole confiscated, and sold upon proof before the court that the library was his, and that he sarily disturbed the social conditions and was in arms against the United States.

### ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

We have received the Frankfort Yeomau of Monday, being the commencement of its not the standard by which other people are publication since the retreat of the redel forces. The editorial department is under uniformity with their own social organiza- charge of Mr. D. C. Barrett, a sound and

United States Circuit Court .- This Court reassembled at ten o'clock ou Tuesday morning, at Covington, when Judge Ballard delivered his charge to the Grand Jury. The following persons were then sworn in as a Petit Jury: Newton Hume, William B. Kenney, John B. Casey, S. Easton, Henry Andrews, Robert Howe, Henry William S. Kinner, Daniel Savill, l'eter l'edges, James Spillman, James Tebbs, James Van Doren, Lewis Meyers, Wm. A. Stuart, Parker Whittaker. All the treason cases were continued, including that of Lucius Deshu. The motion for a mandamus, in the case of Marcus Dennison, of Maryland, versus City of Covington, will be argued to-day.

BOURBON COUNTY STOCK SALES .- Monday ast was County Court day at Paris, Kcu-The attendance was quite large and the bidding at the stock sales quite spirited. We append a list of a portiou of the transactions during the day

13 Cattle, two year old, each., 1 Yoke Pattle.....

THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF GREEN BACKS in Thanksgiving Day a landlord proprietor of this city tendered to a prominent lawyer "green-backs," in payment of the principal and interest of a mortgage fulling due on that day. The payment was refused on the ground that the "greenbacks' were not a legal tender, and a suit suppose all this can be changed; that it can will be commenced to test the question of the constitutionality of the law making United States Treasury notes a legal tender.

> The above is from the Cleveland Herald, a Republican journal, of the 1st of Decem

DANIEL WEBSTER ON EMANCIPATION. Daniel Webster, in a letter to Mr. Peck (see his Correspondence, Vol. 2, page 31), dated January 11, 1838, says: "I concur enrirely in the resolution of the llouse of Representatives, passed as early as March, 1790, at a calm and dispassionace view of our political history. That resolution is in the following words:

"Resolved, That Congress have no an thority to interfere in the emancipation of slaves, or in the treatment of there in any of the States; it remaining with the several States alone to provide any regulations therein which humanity and true policy

PROFESSOR MAURY'S VISIT TO EUROPE. The Mayor of Ilalifax, Nova Scotia, in a speech at a private party in New York on Tuesday, declared that Commander Maury, of the United States Navy, visits lingland for the purpose of taking command of one of the ships building for the

Reports attribute cotton speculations to several of Gen. Grant's officers. They use their uniforms for jobbing rather than fighting purposes.

American specie has met with a fall in Canada, aud is now looked upon with eight cents' worth of contempt to the dollar. In other words, it is held at eight per cent. discount. This will not have the effect of returning any of it to this side of the line, for the reason that it must be purchased with Canadian money, which is at a premium of 25 or 30 per cent.

Governor Kirkwood, of lowa, has at last taken the initiative steps toward a draft. He has issued an order to the Draft Comnissioners of each county subject to the draft, requiring them to assign to each township its quota, and, if not made up by the first of January, a draft will be resort-

A naval officer who has just returned to Washington from a captivity in Richmond. states that the New York papers were regularly received there. They were rarely more than three or four days old, and to cents in rebel shiuplasters.

The Red River Norwester, of Oct. 9, states that gold has been found on the banks of the Saskatchewan, near Fort Edmontou, in quantities sufficient to pay each rocker ut least \$5 per day.

Much gossip has been excited in the most elect circles of London by the elopement of a young lady of rank with her music They took their notes-£5,000

WHAT THE PROPLE WILL RESORT TO. Maynard, of the Cannelton Reporter, says The only way to raise the Ohio is to tax it, and it will come up at once. Every

The Earl of liosse is to be the Chancel lor of the University of Dublin, in the room

### TO MAGGIE MITCHELL.

Lu Pierros.

what shall I call thee, etherial them? I it call three a dew-drop, a bright fittle star, As pine and as lovely as always they are; 'It call thes a tity, a vlots eweet, Alt' what shall I call thes, for no name to meet'

Whatever to beautiful, genite, and fair, With they, fittle darling, must suiely compare; And w believer I call thee, from mesodesiu, thou m's There is a witchery round thee which none may reas

# President's Message.

Since your last annual assembling, another year of health and bountiful harvests has passed; and while it has not pleased the Almighty to bless us with a eturn of peace, we can but press on, guided by the best light He gives us, trusting that, in His own good time and wise way, all will he well.

The correspondence touching foreign affairs which has taken place during the last year is herewith submitted, in virtual compliance with a request to that effect made by the llouse of Representatives near the nations is less gratifying than it has neually been at former periods, it is certainly more satisfactory than a nation so unhanpily distracted as we are might reasonably ave appreheuded. In the month of June last there was some grounds to expect that the maritime Powers, which, at the beginning of our domestic difficulties, so nuwise ly and unnecessarily, as we think, recog nized the insurgents as a betligerent, would soon recede from that position, which has proved only less injurious to themselves than to our own country. But the tempo rary reverses which afterward hefel the ed by our own disloyal citizens abroad, have hitherto deleyed that act of simple justice.

The civil war which has so radically changed for the mement the occupations and habits of American people, has necesaffected very deeply the prosperity of the nation with which we have carried on a ommerce that has been steadily increasing throughout a period of half a century. has at the same time excited political amhitions and apprehensions, which have produced a protound agitation throughous the civilized world. lu this unusual agitation we have foreborne taking part in auy controversy between foreign States, and between parties or factions in such States. We have attempted no propagandism, and acknowledged no revolution. But we have left to every nation the exclusive conduct and management of its own affairs. ()ur struggle has been, of course, contemulated by foreign nations, with reference less to its own merits than to its supposed and often exaggerated effects, and the consequences resulting to those nations them selves. Nevertheless, complaint on the part of this Government, even if it were just, would certainly be unwise.

The treaty with Great Britain for the suppression of the African slave trade has eu put into operation with a good pros pect of complete success. It is an occasion of special pleasure to acknowledge that the execution of it on the part of Her Majesty's Government has been marked with a jealous respect for the authority of the United States and the rights of their moral and loyal citizens.

The convention with Hanover for the abolition of the Stadt dues has been carried into full effect under the act of Congress

for that purpose.

A blockade of 3,000 miles of sea coast could not be established and vigorously en-forced, in a season of great commercial ac-tivity tike the present, without commenced that a simultane-objectionable. As the same time so unoccasional mistakes, and judicting unjuten country where foreigners reside and carry on trade under treaty stipulations, is neccud to excite misapprehensions and possibly to produce mutual reclamations between nations which have a common interest in preserving peace and friendship. In clear cases of these kinds | have, so far as by cheap and safe exchanges. A moderate possible, heard and redressed complaints which have been presented by friendly Powers. There is, however, a large and augmenting number of doubtful cases upon which the Government is unable to agree with the Governments whose protection is demanded by the claimants. There are, moreover, many cases in which the United States or their citizeus suffer wrongs from the naval or military authorities of foreign nations, which the Governments of those States are not at once prepared to redress. have proposed to some of the foreign States thus interested, mutual Conventions to examine and adjust such complaints. This roposition has been made especially to Great Britain, to France, to Spain, and to Prussia. In each case it has been kindly received, but has not yet been formall adopted. I deem it my duty to recommend an appropriation in behalf of the owners of the Norwegian bark Admiral P. Torden skiola, which vessel was, in May, 1861, pre vented by the commander of the blockading force off Charleston from leaving that por with a cargo, notwithstanding a similar privilege had shortly before licen granted o au English vessel. I have directed the Secretary of State to cause the papers in he case to be communicated to th committees. Applications have been made to me by many free Americans of African lescent, to favor their emigration, with a riew to such colonization as was contonu plated in recent acts of Congress. Other parties, at home and abroad, some from increeted motives, others upon patriotic cou iderations, and still others, influenced by philanthropic sentiments, have suggested similar measures; while, on the other hand, several of the Spanish American Republics have protested against the sending of such colonies to their respective territories. Under these circumstances, I have declined to move any such colony to any State, without first obtaining the consent of its Government, with an agreement on its part to receive and protect such emigrants in all

ti are, as yet, the only countries to which not seem so willing to emigrate to those countries as to some others, uor as willing. as I think, their interest demands. lieve, however, the opinion among them in this respect is improving, and that ere long there will be an augmented and considerable emigration to both those countries from the United States. The new commercial treaty between the United States and the Sultan of Turkey has been carried into excution. A commercial and consular treaty has been negotiated, subject to the Senate's consent, with Liberia, and a similar nego-tiation is now pending with the Republic of llayti. A considerable improvement of the national commerce is expected to result Great Britain, France, Spain, Portugal, the other European States, remain undis-China and Japan. During the last year

equal, just and humane. Liberia and Hay-

bors, whose safety and progress are so in- 759 11. For the last year the amount has right, and ought to be extended, while the submitted to it. A proposition is pending to revive the Convention, that it may be able to do more complete justice. The Commission between the United States and the Republic of Costa Rica has completed its labors, and submitted its report. I have favored the project for connecting the United States with Europe by an Atlantic the telegruph from San Francisco to connect by a Pacific telegraph with the wire which is being extended across the Russian En-

The Territories of the United States, with

unimportant exceptions, have remained nu-

disturbed by the civil war; and they are exhibiting such evidence of prosperity as

justifies our expectation that some of them

will soon be in a condition to be organized as States, and be constitutionally admitted into the Federal Union. The immense min-

eral resources of some of these Territories

ought to be developed as rapidly as possi-

Every step in that direction would have a tendency to improve the revenues of the Government and diminish the burdens of the people. It is worthy of your serious consideration whether some extraordluary measures to promote that end cannot be adopted. The means which suggests itself as most likely to be effective is a scientific exploration of the mineral regions in these Territories, with a view to the publication of its results, at home and in foreign countries-results which cannot fail to be auspicious. The condition of the finances will claim your most diligent consideration. The vast expenditures incident to the military and naval operations required for the suppression of the rebellion, have hitherto been met with a promptitude and certainty the augmented forces now in the field, dewithout injury to business, and with the suspension of specie payments by the hanks, soon after the commencement of your last session, made large issues of United States uotes unavoidable. In no other way could the payment of the troops and the satisof other just demands be so economically or as well provided for. The judicious legislation of Congress securing the responsibility of these notes for loans and Internal duties, and making them a "legal sas tender" for other debts, has made them universal currency, and has satisfied, partially at least, and for the time, the longfelt want of an uniform circulating medium saving thereby to the people im-mense sums in discounts and exchanges. A return to specie ments, however, at the earliest period comshould ever be kept in view. Fluctuations in the value of currency are always injurions, and to reduce these fluctuations to the lowest possible point will always be a leading purpose in wise legislation. Convertibility-prompt and certain convertibility ferocity, killing indiscriminately men, wo-into coin, is generally acknowledged to be men and children. This attack was wholly extremely doubtful whether a circulation of United States Notes, payable in coin, and sufficiently large for the wants of the people can be permanently needed. permanently, usefully and safely maintained. Is there, then, any other mode in which the necessary provision for the public wants can be made, and the great advantages of a safe and uniform tion was received by the Indian Bureau currency secured? I know of none from different sources about the time hosorganization ernment might furnish circulating notes on the security of United States Bonds depositessarily fruitful of complaints of the viola-tion of neutral rights. All such collisions under the supervision of proper officers, being uniform in appearance and security and convertible always into coin, would at once protect labor against the evils of a vicious currency, and facilitate commerce reservation from the interest on the bonds would compensate the United States for the preparation and distribution of the notes, and a general supervision of the system would lighten the burden of that part of the ublic debt employed as securities. The public credit, moreover, would be greatly im-proved, and the negotiations of new loans greatly facilitated by the steady market deadoption of the proposed system would cre-It is an additional recommendation of

portunity offered to existing institutions to recognize under the act, substituting only secured uniform National circulation for the local and various circulation, secured and unsecured, now issued by them. The receipts into the Treasury from all sources, including loans and balance from the preceding year, for the fiscal year ending on June 30, 1862, were \$583,-885,247 06, of which sum \$49,056,397 62 were derived from customs; \$1,795,831 7: from the direct tax; from public lands \$152,203 77; from miscellaneous sources, 8921,787 64; from loaus in all forms, \$529,-692,460 50. The remainder, \$2,257,065 80, was the balance from last year. The disbursements during the same period were for Congressional, Executive, and Judicial purposes, \$5,929,009 29; for foreign intercourse, \$1,339,710 35; for miscellaucous expenses, including the mints, loans, postflice deficiencies, collection of rever and other like charges, \$14,129,771 50; for expenses under the Interior Department, \$3,102,985 52; under the War Department, \$394,308,407 26; under the Navy Departmeut, \$42,674,569 69; for interest on the public deht, \$13,190,324 45; and for the payment on the public debt, including reimoursement of temporary loan and redemptions, \$96,096,922 09; making an aggregate of \$570,841,700 25, and leaving a balance the Treasury on the 1st day of July, their rights of treemen, and I have at the 1862, of \$13,043,546 81. It should be ob same time offered to the several States sit- served that the sum of \$96,096,922 09, exnated in the tropics, or having colonies pended for reimbursements and redemption there, to negotiate with them, subject to of the public debt, being included also in the the advice and consent of the Schate, loans made, may be properly deducted both to favor the voluntary emigration of from the receipts and expenditures, leaving persons of that class to their respective territories, upon conditions which shall be 324 97, and the expenditures \$474.744,783

possible, all existing interests, by the op-

10. Other information on the subject of the finances will be found in the report of colonistsof African descent from here could the Sccretary of the Treasury, to whose go with certainty of being received and statement and views linvite your most canadopted as citizens, and I regret to say that did and considerate attention. The reports such persons contemplating colonization do of the Secretaries of the Navy and War are herewith transmitted. These reports, though lengthy, are scarcely more than brief abstracts of the very numerous and extensive transactions and operations conducted through these Departments. Nor could give a summary of them here upon any principle which would admit of its being much shorter than the reports themselves I therefore content myself with laying the reports before you, and asking your atten-It gives me pleasure to report a decided

mprovement in the financial condition of the Postoffice Department, as compared States, is well adapted to be the home of one with several preceding years. The receipts national family, and it is not well adapted the unational commerce is expected to result for the fiscal year, 1861, amounted to \$8. for two or more. Its vast extent and its from these measures. Our relations with 349,296 40, which embraced the revenue variety of climate and productions are of from all the States of the Union for three advantage in this age for one people, what-Russia, Prussia, Denmark, Sweden and quarters of that year. Notwithstanding Austria, the Nethorlands, Italy, Rome and the cessation of revenue from the so-called seceded States during the last fiscal year, turbed. Very favorable relations continue the increase of the correspondence of the bination for one united scope to be maintained with Turkey, Morrocco, loyal States has been sufficient to produce a luthe luaugural Address I be a long to the correspondence of the revenue during the same year of \$8,299,820

S14 57. These favorable results are in part | itself. to our adopted citizens and to the commercial interests of this country, has been favorably entertained and agreed to by all the Governments from whom replies have been received. I ask the attention of Congress to the suggestions of the l'ostmaster-General in his report respecting the further legislation required, in his opinion, for the benefit of the l'ostal service.

The Secretary of the Interior reports as follows in regard to the public

"The public lands have ceased to be a ource of revenue. From 1st of July, 1861, o 30th September, 1862, the entire cash receipts from the sale of tands were \$137,476 a sum much less than the expense of our land system during the same period. The flomestead Law, which will take effect on the 1st of January next, offers such induce-ments to settlers that sales for cash cannot he expected to an extent sufficient to meet the expenses of the general land office, and the cost of surveying and bringing the land into market. The discrepancy between the sum here stated as arising from the sales of unusual in similar circumstances, and the the public lands, and the same derived from public credit has been fully maintained. The the same source as reported from the Treascontinuance of the war, however, and the in-creased dishursements made necessary by from the fact that the periods of time, though apparently, were not really coincimand your best reflections, as to the hest dent at the beginning point. The Treasu-mode of providing the necessary revenue ry Report, including a considerable sum now which had previously been reported from least possible burdens upon labor. The the Interior, sufficiently large to greatly overreach the sum derived from the three nonths now reported upon by the Interior, and not by the Treasury. The Indian tribes upon our frontiers have,

during the past year, manifested a spirit of insubordination, and at several points have engaged in open hostilities against the white settlements in their vicinity. The tribes occupying the Indian country south of Kaurenounced their allegiance to the United States, and entered into treation loyal to the States were driven from the The Chief of the Cherokees has country. visited this city for the purpose of restoring the former relations of the tribe with the United States. He alleges that they were ustraiged by superior force to enter into treaties with the insurgents, and that the United States neglected to furnish the protection which their trenty stipulations retuired. In the month of August last, the Sioux Indians in Minnesota attacked the quired. ettlements in their vicinity with extreme large amount of property was destroyed. Mow this ontbreak was induced is not definltely known, and suspicious, which may be unjust, need not to be stated. Informacertain re- tilities were commenced that a simultaneion of her territory has been depopulated and a severe loss has been sustained by the removal of the tribes beyond the limits of Attairs will furnish full details. I submit for your especial consideration whether our Indiau system shall not be remodeled. Many wise and good men have been impressed with the belief that this can be profitably done

I submit a statement of the proceedings

of the Commissioners, which shows the

progress that has been made in the enter-

prise of constructing the Pacific Railroad,

Congress upon the projects now pending

importance to the whole nation, and esp-

cially to the vast interior region hereinat

ter to be noticed at some greater length.

purpose having prepared and laid before

you, at an early day, some interesting and

valuable statistical information upon the

subject. The military and commercial im-

the measure, of considerable weight in my the great canals in New York and Illinois

judgment, that it would reconcile, as far as as being of vital and rapidly increasing

portance of enlarging the Illinois and Michigan canal, and improving the Illinois transmitted to Congress. I respectfully ask attention to it. To carry out the provisions of the act of the United States to be organized. established an extensive system of correspondence and exchanges, both at home and broad, which promises to effect highly beneficial results in the development of a correct knowledge of recent improvements in agriculture, in the introduction of new pro ducts, and in the collection of the agricul tural statistics of the different States; also and it cannot without convulsion be hushed that It will soon be prepared to distribute largely seeds, cereals, plants, and cuttings and has already published and liberally diffused much valuable information, in an tielpation of a more claborate report, which will in due time be furnished, embracing some valuable tests in chemical science now in progress in the laboratory. The creation of this Department was for the more immediate benefit of a large class of our most valuable citizens, and I trust the liberal basis upon which it has been or ganized will not only meet your approbation, but that it will realize at no distant day all the fondest anticipations of its mos sanguine friends, and become the fruitful source of advantage to all our people.

On the 22d day of September last, a proc lamation was issued by the Executive, a copy of which is herewith submitted. accordance with the purpose expressed in the second paragraph of that paper, I now respectfully call your attention to what may be called "Compensated Emancipation." A nation may be said to consist of its territory, its people, and its laws. territory is the only part which is of certain durability. One generation passeth away and another generation cometh, but the Earth abideth forever! It is of the first importance to duty, to consider and estiate this ever-enduring part. That portion of the earth's surface which is owned and inhabited by the people of the United for two or more. Its vast extent and its ever they might have been in former ages. Steam and telegraphs, in intelligence, have brought these to be an advantageous com-

In the lunugural Address I briefly pointed out the total inadequacy of disuniou as

timately connected with our own. This been reduced to \$11,125,364 13, showing a other believes it is wrong, and ought not to statement especially applies to Mexico, decrease of about \$2,441,000 in the ex-Costa Rica, Nicaragua, Honduras, Peru and penditures, as compared with the preceding dispute. The Fugitive Slave clause of the Costs Rica, Nicaragua, nonderes, Feru and Chill. The Commission under the Convention with the Republic of New-Granada closed its session without having andited ficiency in the Department for the closed its session without having andited ficiency in the Department for the commission under the Convention will follow, at the fiscal year 1860. The deficiency in the Department for the custored, perhaps, as any law can ever be least in several of the States. As to first and passed upon all the claims which were previous year was \$1,551,966 98. For the submitted to it. A proposition is pending last fiscal year it was reduced to \$2,112, the people imperfectly supports the law Sl4 57. These favorable results are in part owing to the consummating (thirty-seven years); and owing to the consummation of until service in the by the dry legal obligation in both cases, insurrectionary States, and in part to a and a few break over in each. This, I casual review of all expenditures in that Department, in the interest of economy. The efficiency of the Postal service, it is beseparation of the sections, than before. lieved, has also been much improved. The The foreign slave trade, now imperfectly elegraph, and a similar project to extend Postmaster-General also opened a cor- suppressed, would be ultimately revived respondence through the Department of without restriction in one section, while State with foreign Governments, proposing fugitive slaves, now only partially a Convention of Postal representatives, for surrendered, would not be surrendered at all the purpose of simplifying the rates of for- by the other. Physically speaking, we eign postage, and to expedite the foreign cannot separate; we cannot remove our remarks. This proposition, equally important spective sections from each other, nor build spective sections from each other, nor build deprecate the length of time. They will feel an impassable wall between them. A husband and wife may be divorced, and go out of the presence, and beyond the reach of the presence, and beyond the reach of the aves them from the vagrant destitution each other, but the different parts of our which must largely attend immediate aliens make treaties easier than friends century, or at any intermediate time, or by can make laws? Can treaties be more faitheither, you cease fighting, the identicat oid further mitigate the dissatisfaction of those again upon you.'

There is no line, straight or crooked, snitdivide. west upon the line between the free and slave country, and we shall find a little easy to be crossed, and populated, or soon to be populated, thickly upon both sides, while nearly all its remaining length are merely surveyor's lines over which people may walk back and forth without any consciousness of their presence. No part of this line can be made any more difficult to pass by writing it down on paper or parchacut as a national boundary. The fact of separation, if it comes, gives up on the part of the secoding section, the Fugitive Slave clause, along with all other constitutional obligations upon the section seceded from, while I should expect no treaty stipulations would ever be made to take its place

But there is another difficulty. The great interior region, bounded east by the Allenorth by the British dominious west by the Rocky Mountains, and south by the line along which the culture of corn and eotton meets, and which includes part with the insurgents Those who remained of Virginia, part of Tennessee, all of Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, Missouri, Kunsus, Iowa, Minnesota, and the Territories of Dacotah, Nebraska, and part of Colorado, has above ten millions of people, and will have fifty millions within fifty years, it not prevented by any political folly or mistake. It contains more than one-third of the country owned by the United States, certainly more than one million of square miles; once half as populous as Massachusetts already is, it would have more than seventy-five millions of people. A glance at the map shows that, territorially speaking, it is the great body of the Republic. The other parts are but mariginal borders to it—the magnificent region sloping west from the Rocky Mountains to the Pacific, undeveloped resources in the production of provisions, grains, grasses, and all which proceed from them. This great interior reregion is naturally one of the most important the small proportion of the region which has yet been brought into cultivation, and also the large and rapidly increasing amount of the large and rapidly increasing amount of settlements by all the tribes between the its products, and we shall be overwhelmed tional injuries upon foreign untions and general act of Congress, well guarded in its The State of Minnesota has suffered great ed; and yet this region has no seaccast their subjects. A civil war occurring in a provisious. To such associations the Gov- injury from this Indian war. A large por- touches no ocean anywhere. As part of forever find, their way to Europe by destruction of property. The people of New York to South America and Africa that State manifest much auxiety for the by New Ocleans, and to Asia by San Franrisco. But separate our common country the State, as a guarantee against future into two nations, as designed by the preshostilities. The Commissioner of Indian ent rebellion, and every man of this great interior region is thereby cut off from some one or more of these outlets, not perhaps by a physical barrier, but by embarrassing and oncrous trade regulations. And this is true wherever a dividing or boundary line may be fixed. l'lace it between the now free and slave ountry, or place it south of Kentucky, or with of Ohio, and still the truth remains that none south of it can trade to any port or place worth of it, and noue mand for Government bonds, which the the road, and also the favorable action of of it can trade to any port or place south of it, except upon terms tated by a government foreign to them. These outlets East, West and South are indispensable to the well-being of the people inhabiting and to inhabit this vast in region. Which of the three may be the hest is no proper question. All are better than either, and all of right belong to that people and to their successors, forever. to themselves, they will not ask where a line of separation shall be, but will vow, rather, that there shall be no such line. Nor are the marginal regions less river, is presented in the report of Colonel interested in these communications to Webster to the Secretary of War, and now and through them to the great outside world. They, too, and each of them, must have access to this Egypt of the West, without paying toll at the crossing of any na-Congress of the 15th of May last, I have tional boundary. Our national strife caused the Department of Agriculture of springs not from our permanent part, not Commissioner informs me that within the tional homestead. There is no possible severiod of a few months this Department has ering of this but would multiply, and not mitigate, evils among us. In all its adaptatious and attributes it demands union, and abhors separation. In fact, it would, ere long, force reunion, however much of blood and treasure the separation might have cost. Our strife persalus to ourselves

and to the passing generations of men, forever with the passing of oue generation. amendatory to the Constitution of the United Recoived, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, two-thirds of both Houses concurring. That
the following articles be proposed to the Legislatures
or Conventions of the several States as amendments
to the Constitution of the United States, all or any of
which articles, when raiffied by three-forths of the
sand Legislatures or Conventions, to be valid as part or
parts of the said Constitution, viz:

ARTICLE—Every State wherein stavery now exists,
which shalt abouts hue same therein at any time or
lines before the first day of January, in the year of
our Lord one thousand nine hundred, shalt receive
compensation from the United States as follows, towit:

The President of the United States shall deliver by very such State, bonds of the United States, bearing interest at the rate of —, for each slave shown to nove been therein by the eighth consus of the United lates; said bonds to be delivered to such State by in ARTICLE-All slaves who shall have enjoyed actual

h their own consent, at any place or places without United States. l beg indulgence to discuss these pro-

Slavery, the rebellion could never have existed; without Slavery It could not continue. Among the friends of the Union there than we should pay our other debts without is great diversity of sentiment and of poli-cy in regard to Slavery, and the African debt to run at six per cent. per annu cy in regard to Stavery, and the Arican ruce amongst us. Some would abolish it simple interest, from the end of our Revaudenly, and without compensation; some olutionary struggle till to-day, without would abolish it gradually and with compensation; some would remove the freed people from us, and some would retain owe less upon that debt now than each man of the late Lord Primate. The Lord Justice there has not only been no change of our preof Appeal has retired, that one of the greatvious relations with the independent States

revealed to 55,250,000 less than was dethere has not only been no change of our previous relations with the independent States

revealed to 55,250,000 less than was derived from all the States of the Union durpeople of the two sections. I did so in of our own continent, but more friendly sentiments than have heretofore existed, are
believed to be entertained by these neigh-

would be a compromise among the friends and not with the enemies of the Union. These urticles are The time spares both races from the evils of sullen derangement - in fact, from the neessity of any derangement-while most of those whose habitual course of thought will be disturbed by the measure will have passed away before its consummation. They will never see it. Another class will hail the prospect of emancipation, but will country cannot do this. They cannot but emmincipation in localities where their numremain face to face, and intercourse, either amicable or hostile, must continue between spiriting assurance that their posterity them. Is it possible, then, to make that intercourse more advantageous or more satis-factory after separation than before" t'an abolish slavery, now or at the end of the fully enforced between aliens than laws part of the period, and it obliges no two can among friends? Suppose you go to war States to proceed alike. It also provides -you cannot fight always; and when, after for compensation, and generally the mode mentions as to terms of intercourse are who favor perpetual slavery, and especially of those who are to receive compensation. Doubtless some of those who are to pay, and able for a national boundary upon which to not to receive, with object; yet, that the Trace through from east 10 measure 19 both just and economical, is certain.

The liberation of the slaves is the demore than one-third of its length are rivers struction of property-property acquired by lescent or by purchase, the same as any other property.

It is no less true for having been often

said, that the people of the South are no more responsible for the original introduction of this property than are the people of the North, and when it is remembered how unhesitatingly we use-all of us use-cotou and sugar, and share the profits of dealing in them, it may not be quite safe to say that the South has been more responsible than the North for its continuance. If, then, for a common object, this property is to be sacrificed, is it not just that it be done at a common charge? And if with less noney, or money more easily paid, we can preserve the benefits of the Union by this acans than we can by the war alone, is it not also economical to do it? Let us consider it then. Let us ascertain the sum we have expended in the war since compensated emancipation was proposed last March, and consider whether if that measure had been promptly accepted by even some of the Slave States, the same sum would not have done more to close the war than has been otherwise done. If so, the measure would save money, and in that view would be a prudent and economical measure. Certainly it is not so easy to pay something as it is to pay nothing. But it is easier to july a large sum thau it is to pay a larger one, and it is easier to pay any sum when we are able than It is to pay it before we are able. The war requires them at once. The aggregate sum necessary for compensated emancipation of course would be large, but it would really require no cash, nor bonds, any faster than the emancipation progresses. This might not and probably would not, close before the end of the thirty-seven years. At that time we shall probably have one hundred millions region is naturally one of the most important of people to share the hurdens, instead of the world. Ascertain from the statistics the small proportion of the region which has the small proportion of the region which has tong time after the period as rapidly as hefore, because our territory will not have ately. At the same ratio of increase which we have maintained on an average from our first national census in 1700, until that of 1830, we should in 1900 have a popula-tion of 103,208,415; and why may we not outinue that ratio far beyond that period? Dur abundant room, our broad national homestend is our ample resource. our territory as limited as are the British isles, very certainly our population could not expand as stated. Instead of recelving the foreign born as now, we should be compelled to send part of the native born away; but such is not our condition. We have two millions uine hundred and sixtythree thousand square miles; Europe has three millions and eight hundred thousand, with a population averaging seventy-three and one-third persons to the square mile. Why may not our country at some time average as many' ls it less fertile? t more waste surface by mountains, rivers, akes, deserts, or other causes? rior to Europe in any natural advantage? If, then, we are at some time to be as popul ous as Europe, how soon? As to when this may be, we can judge by the past and the present. As to when it will, if ever, doends much on whether we maintain the Union. Several of our States are above the iverage European population of 73} to the square mile. Massachusetts has 157, Rhode Island 133, New York and New Jersey each ir, also, two other great States, Pennsylvania and Ohio, are not far below, the former having 63 and the latter 50. The States already above the European average, except New York, have increased in as rapid ratio since passing that point as ever before, while no one of them is equal to some other parts of our country in natural capacity for sustaining a dense population. Taking the nation in the aggregate and

we find its population and ratio of increase for the several decimal periods to be as fol-

This shows an average decimal increase In this view, I recommend the adoption of 34.00 per cent. in population through of the following resolution and articles the seventy years from our first to our last census taken. It is seen that the ratio of increase at no one of these seven periods is either two per cent. below or two per cent. above the average, thus showing how indexible and consequently how reliable the law of increase in our case is. that it will continue, it gives the follow ing results: 1870, 42,323,341; 1880, 56,967.-216; 1890, 76,677,872; 1900, 103,208,415; 1910, 138,918,526; 1920, 186,984,335; 1930, 251,680,911. These figures, now, show that our country may he as populous as Europe now is at some point be-tween 1920 and 1930, say about 1925, our territory, at 733 persons to the square mile, being of the capacity to contain 217. 186,000; and we will reach this, too, if we do not ourselves relinquish the chances by the folly and evils of disunion or by long and exhausting war, springing from the only great element of national discord among us. While it cannot be forseseen exactly how much one huge example of secession, breeding lesser ones indefinitely, would retard the population, civilization and prosperity, no one can doubt that the extent of it would be very great and inju-

The proposed emancipation would shorten the war, perpetuate peace, insure this inpopulation, and proportionately posed articles at some length. Without the wealth of the country. should pay all the emancipation would cost, together with our other debts, easier it. If we had allowed our old National paying anything on either interest, each man of us

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WM. R. HUGHES ..... State Printer. Office-79 Third Street, east olds, between Murket and Jefferson.

FRIDAY, DEC. 5, 1862.

Closing and Arrival of the Mails at the Louisville Postoffice. Western and Northern closes at 12:00 m. and arriver at 1239 M. Sonitors Kenincky, via L. & N. R.R., (smail officer Sonitors Kenincky, via L. & N. R.R., (smail officer close at 930 P. M., the previous evening), closes at 630 A. M., and arrives at 530 P. M. Hailboat in Cincinnati, Ohio, closes at 930 A. M., and

arrives at 6:50 A. M.

L. & F. L. R. Cobses at 12:00 at night and 1:00 P. M.,

In the constant of the level of the level. The

and arrives at 11:06 A. M. and 6:30 P. M.

Shelpyvite closes at 12:00 at night, and arrives at 6:00

affair will be investigated by the proper telianon B.R. closes at 12:00 at night, and arrives at authorities. Shawucetown Stage (iri-weekly) closes at 12:00 at night, and arrives at 6:00 r. m. Hunderpon and 2:00 stown R.B. ctoses at 3:00 P. M., and arrives at and arrives at 6:00 P. M. lerson and River (iri-weekly) leaves Mondays, sdays and Fillays at 1:00 P. M., and arrives at sville Stage closes at 8:00 A. M., and arrives at 4:30 P. M. 起新 (in routes where the principal mails close at 12:00 at night, the way mails close at 9:00 P. M.

### CITY NEWS.

Military Directory.

Brigadier General Boyle, commanding United States forces in and about Lemisville—Ibadquariers on Sevenith street, between Chestinit and Broadway. Capt, Julius Posces, Assistant Inspecior-General of Cavilry—Office on the corner of Third and Jefferson streets.

Third.
Capt. H. O. Symonda, Commissary of Subsistence—
office on Second street, below Galt Honae.
Dr. J. F. Head, Medical Director—office on Wainnt street, between Fourth and Fifth.
Major Selby Harney, Provest Marshal—Office on Gron street between Fourth and tenter—Teleutonart Edwan, Ordnauce Officer—Seventh and Major Associated main streets.

Fost Commissary, under charge of Mr. James C. Savage, Main street, between First and Socond.

Capt. W. F. Harris, Assistant Quartermaster (in charge of transpuriation)—office on Main street, between First and Brook.

Captain Hult, military storekeeper—Main street, between First and Brook.

Caymanter's Office—corner of Third and Walnut, elresis. elreels, United States Depository—over the Postoffice. Lientenant Suyger, Ordnance Office, Main street between Seventh and Eighth.

General Hospitals in Louisville. No. 1—Corner of Ninih and Broadway streets. No. 2—Prison Hospital, corner of Tenth and Broad

As.

No. 3—Sixib atreel, between Wainntand Chestunt.

No. 4—torner of Fifteenth and Maite etreets.

No. 5—For Bruppive Discoses, Burdstown turnpike.

No. 6—direct etreet, between Fifth and Center.

No. 7—the a fill can't of Park Barracks.

No. 8—fifth atreet, between Broadway and York.

No. 9—Corner of Market and Webret effects.

No. 10—Wainnt street, between Jackson and Han-It-Corner of Chestnut and Floyd, and City Hos l. o., 12—Corner of Magazine and Ninth streets. o., 13—Corner of Green and Thirteenth streets. o., 14—Corner of Brook street and Broadway (fo

fficers). No. 15—Griffin House, Newburg plke. No. 16—Washam's stores, Jeffersonville, Lud. No. 17—Illind Asylum, Shelbyville luruplke. No. 18—Turner's fiall, Jefferson street. No. 19—Johnson House, between the Bardstown and Newburg turuplkes.

### CIRCULAR.

In consequence of the large increase in the roal of

printing quaterial, we shall, after Saturday, December 61h, 1862, Imprease the price of the Democrat to dealer half a cent per copy over present rules. HABNEY, HUGHES & CO.

INFORMATION WANTED-Of Martha M. Link, wife of Michael Link. When last scen, she was at Lancaster, Ky., at the time Bragg's army was there. Her husband was to have met her at Lexington, but on account of the unsettled condition of the country, she foiled to get there. Any word of her whereabouts will be gladly received. Address "Michael Link (care of Madam Elizabeth Veit), New Albany Postoffice, Inde4 d2

murder was committed on Saturday last in Daviess co., Ky., about five miles from Owensregarded as one of the most upright men in the county, was found dead two miles from his house with several stabs in his body, indicating that they had been inflicted with a large knife. Mr. F. was a sound Union man, respected and beloved by all who knew him. The murder seems a mysterious one. and brought to speedy punishment.

INQUEST No. 51-Held Dec. 4, on board the steamer Ida May, lying at Portland, on the body of Charles McFadden. Verdict-"Came to his death, on board the above boat, Dec. 3, at five o'clock, from the accidental falling of a fender."

JAMES C. CILL, Coroner. Philadelphia papers please copy.

Mrs. Maria Ilulse acknowledges the receipt of a large box of hospital stores from Mrs. Lorena Foote, of Rome, Michigan, donated by the ladies of that place, will be immediately distributed in hospitals number twelve and thirteen.

The locomotive, E. D. Hobbs, went up Wednesday with a train, and came down the Frankfort Railroad yesterday in the afternoon. She's a wicked engine as there's "no rest for her."

The Arlington & Doniker Minstrel troupe will commence a series of their splendid entertainments on Monday evening, in the Masonic Temple. See their advertiesment in the amusement column.

FIRE .- Mr. H. Holt's extensive brewery entirely consumed by fire Wednesday morning. His loss was heavy, as he had no insurance on the building or its contents.

A "bowld soldier boy" was captured by two or three gnards, after a brisk The delay was occasioned by the heavy busengagement, night before last, on Walnut street, between Fourth and Fifth. He was taken to the prison in a wagon.

McFadden, a deckhand on the followed to the burying-ground Wednesday steamer lda May, was killed at the Port- The funeral was attended by a large con land wharf day before yesterday, by a course of friends and acquaintanecs. fender falling upon him. He has a sister in Philadelphia.

SMALL FAVORS, &c .- Our friend Warner, of the Kentucky Eating Ilouse, is a lucky man. Wednesday night another interesting infant was left in his hall. He has adopted them as his own.

Thanks to the popular messengers, | tinue until Saturday. Mr. Clifton and others, of Adams Express Company, for latest files of eastern papers.

BOUND FOR DIXIE .- We learned last night | linggreen, and other points on the Nashthat a large lot of rebels will be sent South to-day, to be exchanged at Vicksburg.

One hundred wagons, completely fitted out, were shipped to this city from Lexington Railroad yesterday. A large lot Cincinnati day before yesterday.

A large new locomotive and tender is being taken out Fifth street, for the Louisville and Nashville railroad.

A lot of twenty-one prisoners arrived in this city yesterday from Lebanon, Ken-

day afternoon's dispatches, &c. Our fast friend Scott Glore, furnishes us with latest papers. Thanks,

Smooting Affair .- Yesterday afternoon, about half past four o'clock, a difficulty occurred at the corner of llancock and Market streets, which will probably result in pears that a member of the l'rovost Guard, with Van Reed, Burns, and one drink. After doing so, a controversy arose between them in regard to a woman. The lady of the house asked them to go out. A struck on the hoad by the man with his musket, who ran to the sidewalk and fired into who will probably die. The lady was also struck on the shoulder, but not badly hurt.

LATER .- We learn that Burns died at the Water-street House last night. He was a member of company E, 4th Kentucky cavalry, and was from Cincinnati.

the man gave himself up. Burns was taken

Latest .- We are informed, on .good authority, that the party doing the shooting, and whose name we have not yet learned, is not, and never has been a member of the Provost Guard (34th Kentucky), but has been a member of some Wisconsin regiment, lately acting as a teamster, and is believed to be a deserter. The parties were all drinking together, and hence the quarrel.

A difficulty occurred yesterday fore-

and a Colonel or Major of the same regiment, had their horses stolen from them hy some one, and Mr. Kirby, not being aware of this, purchased the horses. Gen. Spears, with a couple of officers, yesterday arrested Mr. K., and they were engaged in conversation near the city court room, when Mr. K. remarked to the General, "I am a gentleman." The General replied, "I believe you are a -- rascal;" whereupon Mr. K. struck him a blow in the face with his fist. A more serious affair would have bappened. but for the interference of officer Lambert, who put Mr. K. in jail, but he was afterthis morning, before Judge Johnson, to an-

Council.-The City Council was in ses sion last night to a late hour, and passed a large amount of business, but nothing out of the ordinary routine. In the Common Council the pay of police and firemen was raised-police to receive 25 cents per day or night more than at present, and those of per day, are to be paid \$1 50. This matter, we believe, did not reach the upper board, and so it is not yet settled.

against him

THE METHODIST BOOK STORE .- It was stated in our issue of Tuesday morning, that the fire by which the Methodist book store of this city was destroyed on Monday night, was the result of the carelessness of the clerk-a brother of the agent, Rev. A. circumstances attending the fire, we are assured that it was altogether accidental, and that no one deserves to be censured.

Mongan.-The Journal of yesterday reported Morgan at Glasgow about the middle of last week. We are informed by a BRUTAL MURDER.—We learn that a foul citizen of this city, who spent a day or two alier Wykoff. in Glasgow, in the middle of last week, We have no doubt he is down in Tennessee. Last night's Nashville train brought no news of his movements.

The Campbell Minstrels had a very fine audience last night, and the performances were excellent. We learn that the Campbells have kindly volunteered to give We hope the authors of it may be caught an entertainment on Tuesday evening next for the benefit of the Sanitary Commission of this city. Of course Mozart Hall will be crowded to overflowing on this occasion.

> SEIZURE OF COTTON. -The Government officers seized at St. Louis, Tuesday, about four hundred bales of cotton, which arrived from below by steamboat. It was consigned to private hands, but it is claimed to belong to the Government, and will probably be so coudemned and sold. The value of this cotton is not far from \$100,000.

The Gazette of yesterday says, Governor Morton has written an able petition containing dried fruits, clothing, &c., and to Congress in favor of increasing the pay justice of the proposition is so clear that Congress canuot fail to respond promptly and favorably.

We learn that the concert lately with a big trip of hogs, and went out again given by the Band of the Anderson Troop ately. was very successful in a pecuniary point of view, as well as artistically. The Secretary of the Sauitary Commission acknowledges the receipt of \$325 as the net

llorse Thier Arresten -Officer Gus. Hatzell yesterday arrested a man named Adrian Coon, charged with stealing a horse near Big Spring, Ky. Coon was placed in Boyle commanding, the undersigned asial. The horse, which is a very fine one, in Port Fulton, above Jeffersonville, was jail. The horse, which is a very fine one, was also secured by officers Hatzell and

> NASHVILLE TRAIN .- The train from Nashville arrived last night about nine o'clock. iness of the road. There is no news of any importance along the line.

> The remains of Mr. R. J. Ward were

The name of the old lady who was killed some time ago by the l'ortland cars, which was not known at the time, is Mary

Ann Errad, of New Albany, Ind. We learn that the examination of teachers in the public schools will be commeneed ou next Thursday, the 11th, and con-

A large lot of sick soldiers are exexpected to arrive this evening from Low-

ville railroad. More Hoos .- Forty-eight ears loaded with hogs arrived by the Louisville and

will arrive to-day. The train from Lexington arrived on time last evening. It brought no prison-

ers, but had a fine trip of passengers. See fourth page for the concluding portion of the l'resident's message, yester-

"Burnside on McClellan."-Ex-Burnside had better get off.

Obstructions Below Vicksburg. The St. Louis Republican, on this subject says:

There is no loubt that strong works, built the death of a man named Burns. It ap- by the most skilled engineers in the Southburg and the extreme upper point of the Mississippi held by the gunboats of Admior two others, weut into a grocery to ral Farragut's fleet. One of the fortifica-Tunica Bend. The most important of thes is the former, at Port Hudson. Port Hudson, in East Feliciana parish, Louisiana, difficulty ensued, during which Reed was though a place of but three hundred inhabitants, has been one of considerable busi-ness, as in former years large amounts of sugar and cotton were shipped from the grocery, the ball entering Burns' groin, there. It is the terminus of the Clinton and l'ort lludson railroad-a little road that extends some twenty-two miles, in a northcast direction, to the Amite river. The town is situated on the White Cliffs, twenty-five miles above Baton Bonge, sail fifty miles below the mouth of Red river. The licaviest batteries are on Gibbons' plauta ion, and command the narrowest point in the Mississippi river below St. Louis. The nature of the surrounding country is peculiar. (In the cast side of the river there are, between Bayon Sara and Port Hudson (a distance of less than thirty miles) half a dozen water courses, hayous, and long swamps, while on the south side Port Hudson is scarcely less unapproachable from the rear. The enemy's position cannot be attacked from the west side of the river.

The appearances are that the rebels will udeavor to relain that part of the Mississippi they now possess, to the end. The ower fortifications are for the protection of navigation on the Red river, which is of the greatest importance to the enemy. arge quantities of supplies have gone fo ward to the Southern armies over this stream from Texas and the northern and noon, between Gen. Spears, of an East Tennessec regiment, and Mr. llarry Kirby. lt appears that on the day before, the General, Red river. Lately, too, that great desideratum in the South, salt, has been found in large quantities on this stream, and is now Dixie at the rate, as we see it stated, of ten ousand bushels a day.

Truly, it is no small work before our military authorities of the West, to open the Mississippi and keep it clear.

A TRAGEDY ON THE ILLINOIS RIVER. Capt. John Allen, of the steamboat Minne sota, and Capt. Thomas Nicols, of the line boat Angola, got into a quarrel while playing cards on board the Minnesota, on her Fashion. last trip up the Illinois river, one day last swer any charge that may be preferred death in a short time. Capt. Allen, on arto the authorities. An inquest was held, Capt. Allen, upon the ground that he acted iu self-defense.

RELEASED FROM CAMP CHASE .- The following Kentuckians were released from Camp Chase on Tuesday last: Wm. Poole, the firemen who have been receiving \$1 20 flardin county; James Green and Richard to be mustered into the United States ser-McGinnis, Mason county; Jos. Ilieks, John vice as infantry. They will be entitled to the same pay, clothing, and allowances that Roland and R. H. Smith, Owen county; Thomas J. Webster, Grant county; Wm. M. Butler, Daviess county; Charles Richards will be on the same footing with the troops and l'eter Salvin, Louisville; E. C. Sanders, Shelbyville; W. G. Grow, l'endleton county; and C. C. Standley, Campbell county.

THE SPY SYSTEM .- In Mrs. Brinsmade's case it is shown that a spy, known in police H. Redford. From close inquiry into the slang as a "shadow," was ever following her. The Herald says:

To such an extent is this base system carried that General McClellan has been dogged all through the campaigns by Government spies, and at this moment, the head spy, calling himself Allen, is on his track in this city. He is a man of very gentlemanly appearance, and very like the Chev-

TAKEN THE OATH .- We learn that about that Morgan was not there, nor anywhere two hundred rebel prisoners and deserters all diseases of the throat and lungs. Sold took the cash of allegiance, and went home by all diseases of the throat and lungs. took the oath of allegiance, and went home wiser, if not better men.

## COURT OF APPEALS.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 1, 1802. CAPSES DESCRIPE, Commonwealth vs Elliston, Kenton; affirmed.

Jarris & Co. vs Boldinson, Hickman; appeal dismi-For want of purisdictions, freeman; appear dismiss for want of purisdictions of the fact that the fa

cript.

Wood & Calheson vs Cobb, McCracken;
Thompson et al vs Jarrett, McCracken;
Hardy & Harvell, Calhoway;
Furda ex'r vs Nickobs, Calhoway; were continued.
Mountpoy's adm'r vs Fearce, No. 1, Hickman;
Same vs same, No. 2, Hickman;
Hadhoan et al vs Short, McCracken;
Short vs Short, Mashall; were submitted on briefs.
Silusons's ex'rs vs Grubb's adm'r, Grayson, countusly argunesal.

argument.
swille City vs Ruth, Lou. Ch'y; petition for re-

HEADQ'RS KENTECKY VOLUNTERRS, ABJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Fraukfort, Nov. 29, 1862.

A camp has been established at Cynthiana, llarrison county, Ky., under the comof private soldiers to \$15 per month. The mand of Major W. O. Smith, for the purpose of reorganizing the Seventh Kentucky

All officers and men paroled, or absent with or without leave, who are not acting under orders from Major J. K. Falkner, are required to report to Major Smith immedi

JNO. W. FINNELL, Adj't Gen. Ky. Vols. Louisville Hemocrat copy three times and end bill to Commonwealth.]

HEADQUARTERS LOUISVILLE BARRACES, ) LODISVILLE, KY., Dec. 1, 1802. General Orders No. 1.

1. By virtue of General Orders No. 12, District of Western Kentucky, Brig. Gen near the city of Louisville.

Il. All commissioned officers arriving in the city of Louisville will immediately report at these headquarters, and make registry of their names, rank, and corps which they belong, and authority for absence from their commands. M. MUNDY, Col. 23d Ky. Vols.

tifficial: C. C. Anmas, Lieut. and Past Adjt.

HEADQUARTERS LOUISVILLE BARBACKS, LODISVILLE, KY., Dec. 1, 1862. Special Orders, No. 2013. "EXTRACT.

I. All passes issued or approved at these Headquarters, prior to this date (except to Medical and l'ay Departments), are hereby annulled.

By order of MAJ. W. II. SPENCER, Third Ky. In., Commanding. C. C. Adams, Lient. and P. Adj. de2 d8

At his residence, in Rulllti county, on the 3d their W. G. Shake, of congestion of the brain,

## DRAWING OF THE

OF KENTUCKY. S. BROADBENT & Co., Managers. DRAWN AT COVINGTON, KT., DECEMBER 4, 1962. CLASS 493. 13 45 22 18 -2 17 -9 14 73 20 65 16 CLASS 424.

73 70 75 47 35 -7 50 19 39 60 43 63 All orders promptly attended to and Circula cut. Address S. BROADBENT & CO., Managers, 305 Jefferson street, Louisville, Ky

NOTICE. The firm of R. France & Co. was dissolved on the first slay of November, 1862, and a new constring fortued to manage the Library Association Company bottery of Kentacky, under the mane and style of S. Broadlesi & Co. (in and after December 1st, 1862, the business will be confucited by the name of [613] S. BEOADBENT & CO., Managers.

Local Notices.

We are requested, by Mr. C. C. Spencer, to say that, in addition to his sale of New Orleans sugar and groceries, this morning, at his anction rooms, he will also ern army, have been erected between Vicks- sell a fine melodian and a lot of household

SAVETHE DRUNKARD, because he is de-

stroying his life and his property, disgracing himself, and bringing his family (if he

him with Dr. URBAN'S INEBRIATE'S HOPE

them to their families and to society. 'the

Hore is carefully prepared by RAYMOND &

TYLER, on Fourth street, near Main, and

sent to any part of the United States free

of postage, at one dollar and fifty cents for a

single package, or four packages for five dollars. no23 deod&weow.

30 hags cutton yarn, assorted sizes.

50 bales batting.

has one) to want and degradation.

\$30,000

which has cured thousands, and restored

La Fayette, Ind.

1,000

300 hags Rio coffee 60 blids. New Orleans sugar. 20 butts fine Virginia tobacc 40 butts Missouri and Kentucky sto; for

ale at lowest market rates, by GLAZEBROOK, BRO. & Co., 530 Main street. ENCOURAGE HOME ARTS .- China, decorated

in any style, to order, at Clay's China l'al-Fourth and Green streets. l'ersons who may want cups or other articles decorated thus, forming an elegant article for presentation to friends, will please leave all orders before the 10th of December, so us to insure satisfactory work and a perfect job.

"If a man should meet a man, com ng through the town," that which would most distinguish either as a gentles would be the style of his dress. Now, J central portions of Louisiana. The beef M. Armstrong, the great clothier, on Main, eattle have nearly all been transported via opposite the National, has had as much to do with elevating the standard of gentility among our citizens as any one we have any knowledge of llis styles of children's and youthe' slothing are perfectly charming. So the ladies say. no29 ff

MILLINERY GOODS .- Mrs. A. E. Porter, Market street, between Third and Fourtl has just opened another new and beautiful millinery goods, consisting of everything new and beautiful in the milli-nery line-beautiful ribbons, hats, bonnets, ostrich feathers, flowers, head-dresses, &e., &c. Those of our lady friends who wish goods in this line to suit the times, will of course go to the Emporium of

Gentlemen wearing woolen shirts week, Nicols accusing Allen of cheating. are much annoyed at the shortness of the wards released. Mr. K. will be examined Allen denied the charge, drew a pistol and sleeves and bodies of the Eastern shirts shot Nicols in the thigh, and he bled to sold generally in this city. In this connection we notify them that Messrs. Green & Green are now making woolen shirts for riving at Beardstown, delivered himself up their daily sales, and their shirts are made fully six inches longer than the ordinary the result of which was the acquittal of ones. Gents can have any style of shirt made to order from measurement.

NINE MONTHS' RECRUITS .- The War Department having authorized the raising of nine months' men in lieu of the draft in been authorized by Governor Robinson to other soldiers receive, except that they will heretofore raised in this State.

Those who desire to raise companies in this regiment can report to Colonel Todd, at Shelbyville, or Major John M. Semple, at Louisville, when they will receive the prop er authority to progress with the work nov9 dif

Persons contemplating the purchase of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines for Christmas gifts, are advised to leave their orders at an early day, to avoid disappoint-PITTSBURG & YOUGHIOGHENY ment, as the demand so far exceeds our expectations, that It is with difficulty we are able to fill our orders. WM SHMNER & Co.

No. 1 Masonie Temple.

Dr. John Bull's Pectoral of Wild Among the premiums awarded to

merican genlus, at the great International Pair in London, we notice that the high est premium has been awarded to the justly celebrated and world-renowned WHEKLER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE.

# WALKER'S EXCHANGE

Third street, between Main and Murket. REFEVENDALLY PER EXPRESS—
SHELL OVSTERS,
VENISON,
YOUNG GROPSE,
QUALL,
PHEASANT,
SQUIREEL,
RABBIT, FISH,

And all other seasonable luxuring, which we will serve in siyle to suit the most fastidions.

dec. J. CAWRIN & CO... For Hire

FOR THE BALANCE OF THIS AND THE ensuing year, a negro (IIrl, tr years old. 1 Pensuing year, a negro thirl, it yours old. I wish to hire her to go bu the country. Inquire of Jeskirii A. if KAV kis, Jeskirii A. if KAV kis, de5 dtf Courthouse. Notice to Mule Buyers.

DAVE TWENTY-FIVE HEAD AGED broke Mules, from 4 to 5 years old, from 1 to 10 hands high, at my stable, course of lay and Broadway, in the city of Lonisville. Ladies, Attention.

TUST RECEIVED-Embroidered Linen Chemise Bands and Sleeves.

AT ONLY DAE DOLLAR Together with a full stock of Embroideries and Lace at usual low prices for each at

CHARLES F. RAUCHFUSS' t'head Lace Store, 300 Pontth street,

GOOD SHOES. Warranted not to Rip or Break

HAVE JUST RECEIVED BROM THE monufacturer a large los of Ladies' and Misses' double-sade Gost Skin Holmoral Boots, timed with Cauton Flaunch, and with very heavy soles ionnufacturer a large for of Ladger and thoses double-sade Goat Skin Holmoral Boots, thed with Cauton Financi, and with very heavy soles they are in every respect for anyerior to any shows every feer of the rade in this city, and those in want of teall good Shoen will do well to call on JOHN II. MERWIN.

323 Markel at , bet. Third and Furrih, cast side, do 5 do Sign of the American Flag.

NOTICE.

MY NEGRO MAN PERRY, AGE 21 YEARS, on the fith my residence in Hatchin county, ky, on the 17th November hast. He is a very bright anialato, has course light haft, straight, blue eyes, weighs loft or 170 pounds, fire feel thre or six in bless high, had on krown ream cost and pants, black cloth overcost, pladd cotton shirt, has but and cap with him. His clothing was all new, except the hat and cap. I think like intentient is to make his way to the Federal army, or to some free State. He is a good wagoner. a good wagomer,
I will pay all charges directed by law, if delivered t me at my residence, or placed in jult so that I get him dec diff

HOMINY. - 201 BBLS KILN-DRIED HOMINY des T. L. JEFFERSON.

Pholis.—
No bible Double Extra Edinburgh Flour,
20 bible Shayeer's 237;
Just received and for sale by
the Company of the Compa K ANAWHA SALT. 1,600 HARRELS KANAWHA
Sall, in store said to arrive, for sale by
T. L. JEFFILISON, Kanawim Sall Agent,
de5
S. E. corner Barket and First size.

CANVASSED HAMS. -50,000 LBS CANVASED T. L. JEFFERSON. ARD KEGS. -500 LARD KEGS IN STORE AND T. L. JEFFERSON.

36 Reward. STRAYER FROM THE UNDERSIGNED On the night of the 2d, a poor sorrel Horse, about 6 hands high, marked on the left hip with the letter'S. Any one giving information to use as I can get him will receive the above reward det nikd?

Sixth street, near Market

GROCERIES.

TOBACCO

EARL & HATCHER

EARL & HATCHER,

La Fayette, Ind.

SUGAR. 800 BILLS SUGAR;

100 HHDS N. O. SUGAR; 200 BBLS CRUSHED AND POWDERED

EARL & HATCHER,

La Fayette, Ind.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MILLINERY.

No. 100 Fourth st., Louisville, Ky.

Mrs. J. A. BEATTIE Respectfully informs the public that she is not celpt of a large and relect assortment of

PARIS MILLINERY.

seing all articles in this line of business, o best and newest styles, which she is dispose TUILET ARTICLES of the most approv ils and in great variety always on hand. liaving a very large stock of Ribbons, Lace athers, Flowers and Bonuet Material on hand

Coal! Coal! Coal! N. W. HUGHES.

Mrs. J. A. BEATTIE.

Orders promptly and faithfully filled.

nol4 d&w3m



COAL. Coal Business.

quality, by the barge or hoat had, or by retail, seems some to suit the times, at my office, No. iiii Fourth street, between Main and Waler, east side. I bny and sell exclusively FUR CASH, and guarantee to retail customers good weight, as my coal is all weighed by a sworn that luspector.
set diff. N. W. HUGHES. POISON NOT THE HEAD

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE, certified to be PURE-SAFE-UNEQUALLED,

NITRATE OF SILVER,

Dr. CHILTON, OF NEW YORK, OTHER EMINENT CHEMISTS. Produces any shade from rich mellow brown glosey black in ten minutes, and contains no ingredi-cut that is hunrious to the buir. Manufactured by J. CHISTADURO, 6 Aster House New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all B'air

Price \$1, \$1 50 and \$3 per bex, according to ar ... CRISTADORO'S HAIR BESTO RATIVE ts invaluable with his Dye, as it impures the utm oftness, the most beautiful gloss, and, great vitality to the Hair, Price 50 cents, \$1, and \$1 per l'ottle, acco

felli då wly. Dr. Roback's Stemach Bitters. The fallowing is an extract from a business letter of a firm in Louisville, who are selling one hundred

dosen litters per month:

"Having bad twenty years' experience
lu compounding medicine, we take the liberty of saying that your Slomach Bilters are the lest we have ever seen, and that their moderate use will do more to arigorate and restore the weak than anything class offered to the public, W. 4 II. BURKHARDT.

"Louisville, Ky., June 13, 1862." Sold, wholesale and relail, by them. See advartise Facts for Soldiers. Throughout the Indian and Primean campaigns th tily medicines which proved themselves able to car the worst cases of dysentery, scurvy and fever, wes

chevery volunteer see that he is supplied with them Only 25 cents per Pot or Hox. de2 d6.0 wt 228 de2 d63 w1 238 mo Hussand's Calcined Maguesia is free from un casail taste, and three thues the strength of the cunt-A World's Fair Medul and four First Premium Silver

Medala have been awarded it, as being the best to the uprixet. For sale by the firugglets and country storekeepers, and by the manufacturer.
THOMAS J. BUSHAND,
Philadelphia. LUMBER | LUMBER | -1 toye a tauge and well asser! ed anork of Dry Pine Lumber, Joist Scantling, Sh., n., cles, Flooring and Dressed Lumber of any thick) assa. Also, Doors, Blinds and Sash, on hand and no Ao to

short time to prompt purchasers. W. H. Di y Main, between Hancock and Phy n'z, cela, jett dill Leuis Af 10, Ky. WANTED PERCHASE FOR CASH A M ODERN oull dwelling, al from \$2,600 to \$4,000. Added to a stating price and location, flox 25 C. del de

rder, which I am selling at low rates for cast a, or o

TWESTY WOMEN AND CHILL OREN TO DE EAN HOUSE SHEET. Apply to HUNER, WHER TSHEE, ded data! Burcherfown, near Ruchaman et. Store and Fixtures for Sale. A ROOM STAND PAQUIRE OF ISAAL RAIN. HART, No. 329 M arket street, between Fleyd and

Dissolution of Copartnership.

WANTED.

THE FIRM OF WELLER & PARKER WAS DIS solved on the 25th wit. by mutual consent, S. M. Parker retaining from the firm. Notice. THE BISINESS WILL BE CONTINUED AS Including at the old stand No. 5to Main strict to Jacob F, Wetter, and I would most confully recommend him to our former customers as being in ever mend him to our former customers as being in ever wa) worthy of the ir patronage de3 d6 SAW L M. PARKEL.

Refined Carbon Oil

Extra Lard Oil.

Headlight Oil,

LOUISVILLE CARBON AND COAL OIL WORKS.

WM. SKENE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Refined Coal Oil. Pure Rosin Oils, R. R. Pish Oils, Lubricating Petroleum,

Car and Axle Grease, AND WHOLESALE PEALORS IN

Machinery and Burning. Also

AGENTS FOR JUDSON'S TRANSPARENT CONES.

CARBON AND COAL OIL WORKS, Corner Sixtsenth and High Streets.

INSURANCE

LOSSES PAID \$15,000,000.

The great public service, promptness, and reliability of this well-tried and sterling Company, recommends it to preference with those needing

AGENCIES IN THE PRINCIPAL CITIES AND TOWNS. Louisville Agency 416 Main Street, WM. PRATHER, Agont.

SUTLERS'

508 Main Street,

Formerly HASTINGS & HARLEY, Division Sutlers to

General M'Cook's Division, Are Receiving and keep constantly on hand the best selected stock

well as all our former friends.

229 Main st., bet. Second & Third, Louisville, Ky. DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

HENRY'S CELEBRATED 15-SHOT RIFLE, Swords, Belts, Sashes, Pistols, Cots, Mattresses

Favor's Patent Camp and Hospital Cots,

WE HAVE ALREADY RECEIVED A FULL SUPPLY OF

AND SHALL BY HAPPY TO SKEANY OF OUR OLD CUSTOMERS. OTIS do Co.,

Coal Oil and Lamps. Maysville, Newport, and Pacific Burning Oll. I CKEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR SALE A LARGE STOCK OF THE ABOVE CELFBRATED Parands, made expressily for this market, and will stand the Kentaski feet, which is a mornice of its safety Formers, made expressly for this market, and will stand the recursors.

Formels, made expressly for this market, and will stand the recursors.

Formels, made expressly for this market, and will stand the recursors.

Formels and the laspector's branche.

Formels are the laspector's branche.

Formels are the laspector's branche.

Formels are the laspector's last and Market.

Formels are the last and Market.

U. S. EXCISE TAX.

Collector's Notice.

PO DREWERS AND DISTILLERS RESWED-and Distillers are required by the provision of the Excise Tax has do make application feet and lessy as thermee, and make mouthly and its monthly corres-thour bounces in detail.

a necessary forms for their books and is turns in

SNODDY, GWYNN & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in Boots and Shoes,

NO 611 MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE LOT ISV 111 F Hotel, have on hand a good stock of Brief's and SHORS, and will be in receipt throughout the seven

Tobacco.

WEARR JIST BECKIYING ATON DINMENT

Tobuser which we ofter he wholesade did mainly for Tobuser which we ofter he wholesade did to all S at I figures. Call and examine H.

\*\*All TOBLE L. A. DE AN.

\*\*Commission Merchants, N v 165 Main to the Mainly to the Mainly

THE DISTRICT STATE OF RESTREE

DICISD STAMPS.

HAVE IRDERED A LAMITED M WHER ON Shamps to supply the dean added this District. Possess wanting Stamps would also will be send in the orders specifying the kind on deal to make it is not at least send to more immediately in case my present order monthly leaders will be by question, and the standarding will be west supplied. But make want to create the interest of their arrival. Itself, the Rev M District. All Districts will be the interest of their arrival.

Teachers' Examination.

PHILIP SPEND

GARDNER & CO.

TAKEN UP. KENTUCKY ON FRIDAY EFENING LAST, ON THE Nashville indirectly lines indes from Lown Actors source House, a tribed to a light spirits, which with black cover. The count can have the name of proving pieces and paring expenses. In quite of Challette Harting and paring expenses. In this street, near Park Ratio &s. WHOLFSALE AND RETAIL HOOP SKIRT MANUFACTORY



To the Ladies of Louisville. The I meet will dely all Pussible Could style, and Mid-Skirls repaired in the most elecant style, and a Mid-Skirls repaired in the most elecant style, as the leaver than the same goals can be length at in the Bestern rines.

M. GARFUNKLE, Agent, by II — this is the only thoop Skirt manufactory in myd dalpem.

Batman Saloon, No. 145 Market 14, 4st. First and Second, south sol, FULE PLACE TO GET A PLBE ARTH LE of copper-distilled Whisky. Peach and Apple Branch from one foe of types chi in quantities to soil purchasers, fishing "top 1, live hingsfeed burrels, all warranted and cust intest to be pure and as represented. THE EXAMINATION OF APPLICANTS FOR attractions as fear hers in the Public Schools in the City of Leonisville will be held at the Fernate High School, center of Walnut and Uente High School, center of Walnut and Uente High Colors A. M. Persone destring cards of admission to said examination will call on me, id my office in same building, and obtain them.

J.P. Fell ESN, deddd. Sec'y E. T. P. S.

STRIPS

0

Paint Dryer,

Conzole and Waptha,

Sperm, Whale, Seal and other Oils Suitable for

WAREHOUSE AND STORE BULLITT STREET. LARD OIL AND LAMP FACTORY, Bullitt st., Let. Main and Water.

HARTFORD, CONN.

HEADQUARTERS AS THE ARMY IS RAPIDLY MOVING FORWARD,

Sutlers will need their Supplies immediately.

F. B. HASTINGS & CO.,

of Army Supplies ever offered in this market. We would solicit the attention and patronage of the Sutlers of Gen. Buell's Army, as

Don't Forget the Number, 508 Main street, between Fifth and Sixth. Military Goods.

J. M. STOKES & SON,

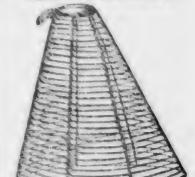
MILITARY AND SUTLERS' GOODS,

Mess-Chests, India-Rubber Goods, &c. SOLE AGENTS FOR

The best in the World. WholesaleMillinery

LLINERY FOR THE FALL TRADE,

516 Mala street. Louisville, Ky., and 105 Broadway, New York.



DR. ROBACK'S STOMACH

ARE NOT TO BE EXCELLED

STOMACHIO Regulator

DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

These Bitters

are not offered to the publie as a medicine which will cure all the "ills which flesh is heir to,' but as a remedial agent -a. areat regulator of the system.

In the Bilious districts of the West and South there has, for a long time, been much needed an article of Stomach Bitters, which, if taken in proper quantities, and at the proper time, are a sure preventive of

Bilious Hever, Fever and figue, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Jaundice, Kidney Complaints

and all diseases of a similar nature.

These Bitters are composed of rare and powerful roots and herbs, which make them Highly Tonic.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters are the poor man's friend.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters save the poor man many Doctor's Bills.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters are the rich man's Solace and Comfort.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters invigorate the weak and debilitated.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters drive away melancholy and make Tife enjoya-

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters

are the Soldier's Friend, by preventing Diarrhea, Dysentery, Rheumatism, etc.

These Bitters are put up in quart bottles, of which the above is a fucsimile. The label is finely engravel, and is provided with a safe-guard from counterfeiters. Price \$1 per bottle, or six for \$5. C. W. Roback, Proprietor, No. 6 East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, to whom all orders should be addressel.

FOR SALE BY W. & H. BIERKHARDT, General Agents. RAYMOND & TYLER, Wholesde and Helail Agents. And by Druggesta and Merchants overwhere

NEW MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE SPEEDY AND PERMANENT

Cure of Gonorrhea, Gleet, Urcilial Discharges, Nightly Emissions, Seminal Weakness, Incontinence, Genital Debility and Irritability, Gravel,

AFFECTIONS OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER ONE HUNDRED PHYSICIANS, N THEIR PRIVATE PRAFFICE, WITH ENTIRE Success, Superseding Curers, Copaira, Capsules, or y compound hills to known.

Stricture, and

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS apeedy in action, often effecting a curo in a few days, and when a cure is effected it is permanent. They are prepared from vegetable extracts that are bounded on the system, and never nearmable the stomach, or appropriate the breatig and being sugar-coated, oil natiseous tacks is avoided. No change of diet is necessary whits using them; nor does their action interese with business pursunts. Each box contains six form Pills. Price \$1.

DR. HELL'S Treatise on Seminal Weekness, Sell Abuse, Ganorrina, Gleet, &c., a Pamishlet of 50 pages containing important advices to the alllicited, sent free. BR. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Somethes, tiled, Stricture, Suphillia, &c., in all the various stages, with 57 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the sid of a Physician. Somerries, theel, Stretme, Sydullis, &c., In all II various stages, with '9 Tescriptions in English adapt of for self-freshment, without the sid of a Physician PRICE, ONE BOLLAR. The Piths or Books will sont secure 4rom observation by mail, post-paid, of

cont secure from observation by mail, post-paid, ou receipt of the money by

J. BR YAN, Rochester, N.Y.,

Or any advertised agent. Sold to all Druggata.

RAYMOND & TYLER,

Wholesake and Retail Agents, Louisville, Ky. Exclusively for the Ladies.

THOSE WID ACK TRIUBLED WITH THE DR. LEROY'S EMMEUOGOGUE. 117s a French preparation, and can be relied upon. It is beyond doubt the last madicine in the world for the tollowing complaints—but should not be taken during preparate, as it will produce abortion in every tage of gestation:

Turdy Appearance of the Menses; Enpyression of the Menses, Mesorchages, or Eccessive Messivation; Dysacsorrhay, or Paulid Menstrudten; Flaur Alius, or Whiles, &c., &c. To be led at the Drug Store of A. A. URHAN, corner of Clay and Market streets, Lonisville, Ky., who is Store Agent for the sale in this city. Price Text Dollans per Bottle.

MOTICE.

R. ATEANSON, OF LOUISVILLE, KY., WHAL the succeed to the business formerly done by us in this city. We recommend fine to extrose of bruner house. The work of the best of the comments of the city of the comments of the city New York, Sept. 21, 1-32 THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENUD A COMMIS-SIOS HOUSE, and has taken the office No. 5; Ex-change Pace, formerly occupand by Hewith 3 Co. (W. THOMAS & CO., of Louisville, are not agents in the West, and will hank advantage. E ATKINSON New York Sept 21, 1862.

LEECHES.

JUST REPERVED-1,000 8WEDIS & LEECTHUS, AT J. No. 30 Green street, opposite this Postoffice build MILIAAM YOUNG offer this services to physicians and to the citizens of hours lite as Lessler, Cupper, and Breefer. Ars. Forms will want upon belies in the same line of business, baving removed to No. 30s Green street, opposite the Postolius building.

N. H. Physicians and others in the country can procure Lesslers, put up so as to carry them safely my distance by applying as above.

1029 do VINEGAR. 100 BARRELS CIDER VINEGAR IN slore and for safe low by JOHN II. GRIFFITH

## AMUSEMENTS.

Masonic Temple. FOR ONE WEEK ONLY. Commencing Monday, December 8th.

Arlington, Leon & Donniker's MINSTRELS, MCM 585 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, IN ALL

em. •• Hears open at 6½ o'clock, rommencing at 7½ #12"Admission 50 cents.

A Grand Matinee, Saturday, Dec. 13, R S. DINGESS, Agent.

MOZART HALL.

Campbell Minstrels. COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT TO THE

Sanitary Commission. Tuesday Evening, Dec, 8th, 1862, New Songsi New Itances, &c.

> MOZART HALL. OPEN FOR THE SEASON.

THE EXCELSIOR

Campbell Minstrels. THIS POPULAR TROUPE OF ARTISTES CONas open at 7 o'clock; perform Tickets 50c; Children and Servanta 25c; Reserved HOLT, MANNING & MAIRS, no23 dif

SPORTSMEN, ATTEND. THERE WILL BE PIGEON SHOOTING, TURKEY

EIGHT-MILE HOUSE, on the Shelbyville turnjake, on Thursday, December 1862. (1630 dtd) WM, BEOWN & 180

# LYON'S

PURE OHIO

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM

A Depot in Louisville, Kentucky,

for the purpose of supplying the trade at the CINCIN-NATI prices in the States of KENTUCKY, TENNES-SEE and INHANA with their

PURE CATAWBA BRANDY.

All orders promptly attended to by

RAYMOND & TYLER, Sole Agents, No.74 Fourth et., opposite the National Hotel.

(Copy.)-"We linve recently made a careful analys i Lyon's Calawha Brandy for Messrs, G. Franchese & 20., of the city of New York, from samples taken by urselves of 357 cases, and have found it to be a percelly pure article without any foreign admixture herefore have no heshition in recommending it to the uddic as fulfilling all the requirements of a pur randy for medicinal and other uses.

"JAMES R. CHILTON & CO.,

OF To prevent imposition, the labels on the genuiarticle have the certificate of Be. HAVES, of Boston. will become fr. LYCINS & JACCIB, Proprietors,

NOTICE.-For Summer complaint in Children ome is guaranteed, as it will effectually relieve that utilition, as also Burrhea. It is prescribed by physitans in place of Puregorle, not luving the deadening effect of that medicine upon the brate. Dose for in lants a few weeks old is one teaspoonful, dlinied with two lablespoonsful of water, and administered by the outil every 15 infinites until relief is effected. octt dżawa weowluscu

U.S. MISSISSIPPI SQUADRON, Cairo, Ill., Nov. 25, '62. WANTED

In the Mississippi Squadron,

Scamen, ORDINARY SEAMEN AND LANDSMEN. THE NUMBER OF STEAMERS NOW FITTING

ont often a fine opportunity to the Western young in o entired a fine opportunity to the Western youngs in or entired faith o Naval vessels of the United States con the Western waters, and any one not over berty re of age will be received, provided he brings with a a certificate of a Surgeon that he has no chronic case or physical debritty of any kind. No person der eighteen years of age will be received without written consent of parents attented before a making the peace.

the peace. The inducements to enter the Navy on the Wester ters are very great—promotion to command to see who earn it; good pay and subsistence, and conton to be found in the land service. Any on o wishes to enter the Navy will have their act meage paid then on their arrival at Chiro, or my Rendezcous, and after they are delivered out the Receiving Ship.

The endistanents will be for the war, and not be than one year. If for the war two months advance will be paid, when the person entisting presents himself on board Receiving Ship, and every one will allowed to have a half pay licket for his lamily free the day of entistment. An additional examination the Surgeon will take place on board the Receiving Ship, and any one attempting to decrete will not enget the benefit of this notice.

The following are this rates of pay to which persons are eligible on being sent from the Receiving Stop to a Vessel of War-ail persons thought must cuter a Sennen, Didmiry Seamen or Landsmen, and obtain such higher rates as they may be fitted for:

beolijan	CHARGE	IL SECTION 1	OHO EMINO	ä
Almorer	bun di	une	l'alton.	
Master at Arms	25	do	do	
Shipa Corporal	250	de	do	
Larabwains	24	do	do	
Quartermesters		do	1817	
Dualter Guiders	20	do	4241	
Captain of Forecastic	21	de	do	
Captain of Tops	250	elies	do	
Congress	(3)	du	du	
Parelers	258	do	elis	
Ship's Steward	3549	die	do	
Officer's do	20	do	du	
C'ench st	0/4	da	do	
Master of Band	20	die	do	
Masichans	15	do	do	
Scamed	18	dir	do	
Ordinary Seamen	14	do	dia	
Lambanien		do	du	
Firemen, hast class	30	do	do	
Firemen, second class	2%	4812	du	
Coul Heicvers		do	du	
The following Rendezvous are men, and it remains to be seen if				

tell amongst the watermen or persons able to ST. LOUIS, CINCINNATE, LOUISVILLE, CAIRO CHICAGO, ERIE, MEMPHIS, DAVID D PORTER

Could g Missuslppi Squ Kerby's Saloon. Second street, between Main and Market.

THE HEST WHISKY, BRANDY, AND OTHER Liquors always on hand. Also on draught. A SPLENDID LUNCII every day at 10 o'clock.

SULLERS SUNDRIES.—
1 1200 cases assorted can Fru'ts, consisting of fresh. Penches, Blackbortes, Raspherries, Cherries, Whortfelsertes and Pinc Appley:
200 place theretes and Pinckles, in glass and kegs;
200 doz fresh tomatoes, in 2 25 and 5 5 cam;
150 cases fresh tave Oysters and Sardines;
201 do assorted Whese and Brandles;
25 do Horsoradish and French Mustard;
26 do Golden Syrup, bla and qu;
40 do Iresh W. R. Butter, in 2 B cans;
260 Ba No. I sugar-caned Dried Beef;
260 and and Brandles;
260 black No. I sugar-caned Dried Beef;
260 black No. I sugar-caned Dried Beef; 2500 fts No. 1 sugar-cured Dried 2000 fts: do Hologga Sausage; 375 boxes choice W. R. Chests; and the company cured Hams; res ungar-cured Ha es assorted Candies;

27 cuses assorted the religion Havann Ungari;
20 cases Pickled liberting;
30 kegs assorted Kuts;
With a variety of other goods, all fresh receipts, an or sale at low rates by heize CO., No. 334 Main st.

SUNDRIES

Doubtles A No 1 From (best brands);
201 lidds superfine Flour;
101 bids (bider Vinegar;
25 bids No. 1 Land Dill,
46 bids prine brab Priter;
101 boxes Monde Pandles;
46 boxes Star Candles;
2011 oxes Chirchinal Starch;
101 bids Navy Heam;
201 amperior Stage flams;
201 amperior Stage flams;

no30 No. 312 Main et., bet. Third and Fourth

# Military Goods. TELEGRAPHIC.

SCOTT, KEEN & CO.,

DEALERSIN

OFFICERS' UNIFORMS, PURNISHING GOODS, HATS, CAPS, Secretary Chase's Estimates of the Boots and Shoes, Swords, Belts, Sashes, Revolvers, Trunks,

TRAVELING BAGS, VALISES, HAVERSACKS, &c., Southwest Corner of Main and Sixth sts., Louisville Hotel Block,

PUBLIC SALES. BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

Regular Weekly Sale of TEAS, EROUND POFFEE, SPICES, BRODMS PANCY AND CASTILE SOAP, PURE CIDER VINEGAE, and other attiches, THIS MORNING, FRIDAY, AT 10 G CLOCK at an attournous.

S. G. HENRY & CO.,

S. G. HENRY & PD , BY C. C. SPENCER. Special Sale of 25 hhds New Orleans Sugar 20 bbls No 1 Family Sugar, 20 1, 1 and whole bbls Mackerel, Soaps, Vinegar, and Groceries generally, at auction.

ON FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 5rm, AT 10 o'clock, will be sold by special order, at anction-rooms No. 220 Main street, the above described articles. The Sugar isof three different qualities, being the remainder of the lot from my last Tuesday a sole, with the addition of 20 bile Family Sugar. The safe will be imperative, as my orders are to close the lot regardless of price. Tealors and apendators with consult their interests by attending the safe.

Auction Sales W. S. COOPER.

Market et., north side, between First and Brook On SATURDAY, THE GRA HAY OF DECEMBER, all to delock A. M., one full set Vinegar Fixhures, with rule holding from three bursels to safely larreds with bur large featurators now easily for use; one set Stills, Tule, Wornes, Fernmenting Boxes, &c.; all new s, Stooms, &c; Pried Peaches, Bottled Wine, S.No. 1 Pider Vinegar.

FOR SALE. PHE WIRECK DF THE STEAMER
LEHFNE as it now host in the Musstesdapt river at Plumb Point. A pply to
ROBERT ATWIND,
Secretary Union Insurance Company,
1630 db
184. Louis Republican and Unchined Commercial
please copy one week and charact this office.

A Very Desirable Farm at Public Sale.

ON WEDNESHAY, THE 17th DAY OF HEEEM Ober, 1862, will be offered by saile, at proble another to the bridgest bidder, at 10 o'clock a. M. on the premises, the fine Farm of the late Mrs. Susaima Bell, des'il stimated two inless south from Shellsyville, Ky., tunas dudely on the turapake road leading south from Shellsyville to Mt. Eader.

If contains one kinndrest and thirty-live acrestions or lessy of first rate land, well improved and libitis state of cultivation, about 18 acres seeded in blich state of cultivation, about 18 acres seeded in blich state of cultivation, about 18 acres seeded in blich state of cultivation, about 18 acres seeded in blich state of cultivation, about 18 acres seeded in blich state of cultivation, about 18 acres seeded in blich state of the Farm is well set in Braesments are a goost two-story Brick Dwelling, containing seven rooms, portico, &c., and all necessary out buildings; a good well and spring of excellent water an orchard of young frees of rhober fruit, &c. The farm is in an excellent neighborhood, the distance to town seing short and the roods good at all agasons of town and country.

Transaches all cash, when possession is about the and country.

-One half cush, when possession is given; if her to be paid in twelve months with interessuisinder to be paid in tweeven and the same three and same from date.

There will also be sold at the same three and same place a likely negro womm and two children.

For further particulars apply to blesses, S. B. Knox and Z. N. Bell, or the undersigned, all of whom live

de2 d116Dec Helis of Susanna Bell, dec'd. SHERHERS SALE. IN PURSUANCE TO AN DRIDER of the Jefferson Loundy Court, dated November 17th, 1832, I will sell, at the Court Home door, in the city of Louisville, on Monday, the 26th day of January, 1863, four NEGHOES, to will: A man named ROBERT, about 45 years of age, light prown skin, heavy whitekers, 5 feet s inches high, and colighs to pounds, a sear over the right eye, high np on the forchead.

CLAIBORNE, 21 years of age, very black, 5 feel 5 inches high, weight 15 pounds, tight middle fineer off, and the hand bodily highest by a ranger, smooth axin, small goale, high forehead, a large scar on right side of his head. of his head.

JACK, 48 years of age, black color, 5 feel 9½ luches high, weights 175 pounds, heavy whickers and mustacles small sear on his nose, a large scar on the back of the right hand, caused by a burn when young, which sear on the back of left wrist, heavy set and square his part of the part of the

LUCY (and her Child), about 17 years of age, dark brown skin, 5 red 45 inches high, weights we full face and smooth skin. the a credit of alx months, the purchaser to six and with good accurity, the hand to have the force and offset of a replect in band. Witness my hand this 21st day of November, 1852, no22 d2& WLJan26.

## STEAMBOATS.

For Cairo, Hickman and Columbus. The elegant, light draught passes steamer, W. W. PRAWFORD, W. J. May oppoin, will leave for the above and all landrage on ATURDAY, the 6th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M., trom For freight or passage apply on heard or to def 13. J. PAFFREY, Agent.

For Cairo and Memphis. The splendid stenner (TTV OF MADISON, J. S. Neat Master, will leave as above THIS DAV, the 5th last at 1 P. M. Iroin Portland when f. For freight or passage apply on beard or lo dec

OF CHANGE OF TIME I'S CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE U. S. Mail Line Steamers. The Steamore of this

CINCINNATI EVERY DAY AT 12 O'CLOCK PRECISELY,

Which insures the making of the 6 o'clock morning connection by railroad from Cincinnati to the Norti numerion by railroad from Chermant to the Normal Kast.

Ma. For freight or passage apply to

JUNETIT CAMPION, Agent.

Oppose—Mail Line Wharfbest foot Third st. new

New Balmoral Skirts, Ladies, Misses & Children

(AMERICAN AND BRITISH) At J. R. Emmit & Co's.,

East side Fourth et., let Market and Jefferson. MEDIUM & LOW PRICED

# DRESS GOODS

Plain French Merinos-all colors; Plain All-wool Delaines-all colors; Rich Rept Printed Delaines, at 35 to 37he Pacific and Manchester Delaines, 30 to 35c Gray and Brown Debages, at 20 to 25c; Old style common Delaides at 18c; JUST RECEIVED. J. R. Emmit & Co.

FRENCH CHINTZ.

Handsome French Chintz at old prices JUST OPENED AT

J. R. Emmit & Co's.

### BLANKETS. Super 9, 10, 11, and 12-4 Red Blankets;

Extra-fine and heavy colored Traveling Blankets: Fine Cradle Blankets:

JUST RECEIVED. J. R. Emmit & Co. no30

Bargains in Linen Sheetings 10 4 Barnsley Linen Sheetings at 85, 95 and no 30

NEGRO GOODS. ALL KINDS OF GOODS FOR

NEGRO WEAR no30 At J. R. Emmit & Co's.

SYRUP.—
25 libis New York Syrup;
40 bibs Philadelphia Syru;
15 where and for sale by
MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

Congressional Proceedings.

Secretary Welles to the New York Chamber of Commerce.

National Debt.

XXXVIIth Congress-2d Session. SENATE.

WASHINITHN, Dec. 4. Mr. Hale offered a resolution that the mmitter on Naval Affairs Le instructed inquire into the expediency of providing by law that appointments in the volunteer nava bervice be submitted to the Senute or confirmation.

Mr. Wright offered a resolution that the Mititary Committee be instructed to inquire into the propriety of reporting a hill requiring all soldiers bereafter discharged to be discharged within the limits of their own States. Agreed to. Mr. Comercy offered a joint resolution,

that so much of the President's message as relates to compensated emancipation and departation be referred to a select committee of three members of the Senate and five of the House. Laid over. Mr. Clark offered the following joint resdution

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Repre sentatives, That they cordially approve the policy of the President of the United States a setting free the slaves in the insurrection ry districts, as indicated in his proclamaion, slated Sept. 22d, 1862, and recommend o him the employment of that, and every ther means known to civilized warfare to erminate the present rebellion, and asser he supremacy of the President of the tini ed States over its entire territory and cople. Ordered to be printed.

Mr. Shermantoffered a resolution request ng the President, if compatable with the public interest, to communicate to the Sen ate all the correspondence, telegrams, letters, and reports concerning the military operations of the urn'y of the l'utomae, and atl correspondence, letters, telegrams and reports relating to the surrender of Harper s Ferry, and the testimony taken before the Investigating Committee upon such surren-Laid over. Mr. Ten Eyek then aunounced the death

of his colleague, Hon. J. K. Thompson. After appropriate eulogies were pronounced, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Ashby said, during the late canvass in Ohio, a number of private and confiden-tial letters, written by him to the Surveyor General of Colorado, touching the latter's application and appointment to office, had been published, in connection with newspaper comments, charging him with swindling and defrauding the Government. He sought an investigation of his conduct. He therefore offered a resolution for the appointment of a select Cummittee of five to investigate and inquire into the

It being objected to by several members on the ground that no specific charges had been made, Mr. Ashby withdrew his resolution, with a view of modifying it so as to retary Smith has finally decided on leaving the Cabinet about the 1st of January, with meet the objections as to its phraseology.

A resolution was then adopted, instruct ng the Committee on Military Affairs to nquire and report as to the better care of ick and wounded soldiers.

Mr. llutchins offered a resolution in structing the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire and report as to the propriety of dispensing with their West Point Military Acadamy, and instead thereof, aiding the endowment of military schools in the several States. The resolution was rejected by farty-nine to seventy-eight. Mr. Aldrich introduced a bill to reduc

the rates of Congressional mileage. Referred to a Committee on Mileage. Mr. Browne, of Virginia, offered a resolution, which was tabled, instructing the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into the expediency of making an appro-priation to aid the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company in repairing the road and rebuilding the bridges recently destroyed by the Southern troops.

Resulved, That this Union must be and

remain one and indivisible. Resolved, That if any person in the em ployment of the United States, either in the lægislative or Excentive branch, should propose to make peace, or should accept or forces. advise the acceptance of any such proposition, on any other tasis than the integrity and entire unity of the United States and their territories, as they existed at the time of the rebellion, he will be guilty of a

high crime.
Resolved, That this Government can never accept the mediation, nor permit the intervention of any foreign nation in this rebellion on domestic affairs. Resolved, That no two governments can

ever be permitted to exist within the territory now belonging to the United States, and which acknowledged their jurisdiction at the time of the insurrection. Mr. Ashby then introduced a preamble relating to the charges against him, proviling for a committee of investigation, So., as above stated.

The Senate resolutions announcing the death of Senator Thompson were received. Messrs. Nixon, Steete, of New Jersey, and Perry severally delivered culogies. The usual resolutions of respect were of-fered and adopted.

The House then adjourned to to-morrow when the report of the Secretary of the Treasury will be sent in. NEW YORK, Dec. 4. At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce to-day, a letter was read from Secretary Welles, stating that an additional force would be disputched in search of the

sions to pirate vessels to search for the Alabama or other piratical vessels or privateers. The Chamber adopted a resolution to ask the Government to send several war ves-

Alabama as soon as practicable, and that there is no authority for granting commis-

sels to cruise on the eastern share of Amer-The l'ost's Washington dispatch says ecretary Chase's report goes North by the evening mail to-day. His estimate of the public debt is that it will exceed one thous-

and fifty millions on the first of July next. (Special to the Cincinnati Commercial) WASHINGTON, Dec. 3. In the Porter Court Martial to-day charges were formally received against him. There are two charges and eight

prietors offered twelve of the Toronto firemen \$1,000 cach if they would follow his specifications. They allege that Gen. Pope on Ang. 27th, issued a detailed order for Porlead and operate where he was certain they ter to come forward to meet the enemy at could extinguish the flames. They declined Bristow Station, which he disobeyed; that on the offer, not having nerve enough. The August 29th, when Porter was in front of the enemy at Manassus, he disobeyed orloss above the insurance is \$100,000. ders by refusing to move forward his command to Chainesville, after the buttle, to Pope's relief; and that he refused to go into great value now attached to paper, that the action on the right flank, and permitted senior editor of the Tribune writes up all his one of his brigades to march to Centerville. out of the way of the field of the second leading articles upon his old paper collars; battle; and that finally l'orter and his command retreated in the face of the eucbut this statement must be taken with reserve, as the gentleman referred to never my, contrary to General Pope's orders, in a hameful manner. To all of these charges, Porter pleads not

guilty, and informed the Court that General Halleck had refused to let him go to the army for witnesses. General McClellan is expected to testify to-morrow in McDowell's court-martial. Colonel Goodwin testified to seeing McD.

drunk on the streets of Washington. inch of tensible strain. evidence was detailed and specific in this espect. It is stated that McDowell will bring nch rebutting evidence on this point.

Ilon. W. A Graham, of North Carolina, has been elected to the Confederate States | pocket, and was trying to shake a shilling

Senate, in piace of Geo. C. Davis, whose time expires on the fourth of March. Mr. Graham was the Conservative nominee, and was the nominee for Vice President with Scott. Col. Duncan K. McRea, of North Caro lina, former Consul at Paris, has resigned ing warning: "Above all things, Saudic, his commission in the army, because, as le says, in a letter to Clovernor Vance, he can, for manure." no longer, consistent with his sense of dig-nity and self-respect, serve the Govern-

ment of the Confederate States.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.

NEAR ABBEYVILLE, MISSISSIPE, Dec. 3. ] To Major-General Halleck :

"[Signed,]

"The enemy described his fortifications yesterday, destroying all stores they could not carry with them.

"The weather is bad, and the streams Louis. The Fommerchal left for Memphis, and the somewhat swollen, making it difficult to Melbads for Henderson. cross. Some of our cavalry awam the river, however, and occupied the place last that Capt. Som Mason's new packet St. Patrick, is To day pursuit was made to coming to this city to receive her cabin for Dxford, and coming on the rear guard of maspleadid side-wheel packet, built by Capt. Sans. the enemy, skirmishing took place, lasting about two hours, and resulting in the cap ture of about sixty rebels. The pursuit will be continued in-morrow, but the roads are too impassable to get much supplies for nough for he fine bout. a longer continuance of it. Gen. Sherman is crossing at Wyalt's. U. S. GRANT,

"Major-General."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.

defeated, if not captured Jackson's army

Senator Watkinson, of Minnesota to-day.

resented an earnest, but respectful protest

to the President against the pardon or re-privere of the condemned Indians in that

After reading the paperto the President Messrs. Wimlam and Oldrich being pres

ent and keartily indorsing him in the pro-

ject, he decided to join them with Senator

Wilkerson, thus making the unanimous ac-

tion of the entire Republican delegation in

Memphis papers say that Gen. Ilolmes cossed from Arkansas to Mississippi, at

Vicksburg, hast week, with a force esti-mated at 10,000.

Guarrillas are still very troublesome in the vicinity of Memphis, and continue to

burn cotton and press men into the Con federate service. They have also picked up

The expedition which left flelens last

week, said to have numbered twenty thou

eand men, lamled twelve miles below, to

Capt. John L. Elwood, formerly Q. M. in

U. S. army, who has been confined for three

months in the prison near the Old Capitol, committed snielde on Wednesday. He was

formerly elected Colonel of a New York

regiment, but was arrested on unknown

charges by order of the Secretary of War

We learn from those who have had an

pportunity for seeing for themselves, that Petersburg, and along the route between there and Richmond, is being fortified by digging rifle pits and throwing up strong

earthworks. Large forces are at work upon

[Special Dispatch to the Cheinnati Gazette.]

to have the inside track.

protect llumbolt region.

lowing little bit of history:

shipment of heavy artillery from Pittsburg,

which, in the absence of individual names, might, nevertheless, be of some interest.

Mobile Bay. The platforms were constructed at Watervliet; but, as the engineer fore-

saw treason in the Secretary of War, they

vere purposely made three inches too short

with other defects which rendered them

useless for Fort Morgan, but quite suitable

for a new work at the opening of New York

of the South Carolinians, and the rebels

prised at the reception" of his proposal

and adds that the note of M. Brough

de l'Iluys "at first sight sonnds indisputa-

nost successful compaign could play it.

and cessation of the blockade is precisely

-the Southerners want; and it is for that

not decently ask the Northerners to grant."

Rossin llouse, Toronto, one of the pro-

Vanity Fair states, as a proof of the

A steel suspension bridge of one

hundred yards span is now undergoing the

scientific test at Birkenhead, England

The steel used in its construction stood the

handsome test of seventy tuns per square

Somebody describing the absurd ap-

pearance of a man dancing the polka, says:

"He looks as though he had a hole in his

A young farmerasked an old Scotch

man for advice in his pursuits. He told him what had been the secret of his own success

in farming, and concluded with the follow-

down the leg of his trowsers."

General Debility.

lu a word, a six months' armistice

lost both guns and platforms.

not far from insulting.

wears any collars.

ionorable pcace.

ember dividend of \$72 per foot.

It may now be positively stated that Sec-

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.

FORTRESS MONROE, Dec. 3.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.

December 3.

a number of stragglers from our army.

move overland towards Grenada.

Caugress from that State.

\$47,000, and the E. H. Fairchild for \$29,000. At the resent price of steamboat atock, we should say the prices were low. The Court-martlal of General Fitz John FOR CINCINNATI. The Major Amderson is the mailforter was in session to-day. General

HARR HE BERNAR.

l'ope being under examination, the substance of his testimony is that, if Pope land riday packet, leaving at to clock P. M. obeyed his orders promptly, he could have For Mempires, -Passengers and shappers for Memhis will do well to notles that the City of Madison, apt. J. S. Neul, will puch off at t this afternoon, from he Portland wharf.

The Clare Post, all French Island, but sted a steam apo, and sent to thus city for repairs. Soon after each post of the city for repairs, soon after each gold.

The Matthe Post came out of the Wabash on Monday night, with a load of our for this place. She left yesterday for Green river.

the safe of the barriers and barriers of the safe of the barrier of the streamer Ometa, has been promoted to the command of that good steamer, which is now a St. Louis and Kenkuk packet. Mr. Jon. D. Marin is accust and leak.—St. Louis Democral, 3d.

We have no change to report to-day in money mat-Demands and Silver. Eastern Exchange we quote dull at 34 discount buying, and par to 5 prem selling. Tensaco funds af par; South Carolina, Georgia and Ala man at 15 g cent. discount.

ng ir al 12%c; 6 bbls yellow at 136plie; 5 bbls crushed il 155c; 11 bags lito Coffee at 334634c; 1 cask lines at 9c. CHEERE-Hold firmly at 116a11'sc. Cotton Yarns, &c-We continue to quote Yarne at

POTATORS - Brisk at \$1 80002 00 WHISKY-Sales of Its bbls at 36c.

then day and night.
The channel through the stone blockade at Charleston is temporarily obstructed by railroad iron, so the tebels can casily move for their own use. \$13 00g613 75; 13 at \$14 00,614 75; 7 at \$15 00g615 75; 6 at \$16 mag16 75; 6 at \$17 mag17 75; 3 at \$18 mag13 25; 2 at

NEW YOYK ON THE 1st.

PHILADELPHIA COFFEE CIRCUL

Late Balaigh namers indicate a strong feeling of disgust with this bloody war, NOVEMBER 29, 1862. and a growing and prevalent desire for 13,511 " The village of Greenville, on the Tar river, has been taken possession of by our crease of direct imports 52,791 A Fort Delaware correspondent furnishes the l'ittsburg Dispatch with the fol-Stock of Blothis day..... none. A day or two since, I obtained some pariculars is relation to Floyd's attempted

becrease of stock lits your, all descript'ns, 3,750 "
Dullet....... 

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CINCINNATI, Dec. I, P. M.

lerior, and city gut at 812c. Good demand for bulk Shoulders at 3c, but they are held at 3146935;c; light hams 55c, and in good demand; heavy do dult at 55c

NEW YORK, Doc. 1, P. M.

ffect on the Flour market, and with an increased business prices show an advance of fully loc; sales at \$600 20 for extea State—the fatter for choice brands; bly selfish, almost hostile to the North, and \$6 1506 50 for common to mediant extra western; \$6 50 60 for common to good shipping brands extra round "Nearly every circumstance of such an hoop (thio; market closing firm. armistice must, it is obvious, tend to the Whisky quite firm at 39c. advantage of the South. It would play The audden advance in gold has a very favorable ef-ect on the Whent market, and with brisk demand their game almost more effectually than tho

the thing-is, indeed, almost the only thing very reason just the thing which we could While the flames were consuming the dull and nominally unchanged, and bucon sides more

lold very much unsettled; opening at 32%, advancing o 33% 6431, and closing weak at 32%.

Merchants, 616 Market street, below Sixth street, DEALERS IN

T. A R. SLEVIN & CAIN.

Merchants, Hay, Grain, Flour, Dried Fruit, &c. No. 142 Fourth street, between Main and River,

FOR SALE

500 cords of SEASONED Windle. INQUIRE not did

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, SEWING MACHINES. GROVER

BAKER'S NOISELESS Family SEWING ind sold at same prices a

or Grover & Baker Stilch

Family

\$50. At our office alone GROVER can purchasers exambe the relative merlis BAKER'S of each stilch, and be guaranteed ultimate LOCK-STITCH and thorough satis-

MACHINES,

inction, by our prixi-

lege of exchanging for SEWING either style if not sult-MACHINES, ed with their first \$50. choice. Our No. 9 Machine is as GROVER irably adapted to ti

misof all manufactur BAKER'S nd to far more sliapte, du No. 9 ble and cheaper than an SEWING MACHINE.

\$45. wherever introduced. Call and examine our ma-GROVER h nes before purchasium elsewhere. We manufact BAKER'S the requirements of fami-No. 5 Masonic Temple

DIAMONDS Finest Stones and choicest Settings.

no6 d3ply

RIOH JEWELRY,

GOLD CHAINS, FINE WATCHES, SILVER WARE, PLATED GOODS

Fourth street, bet. Jeffer non and threen.

MILITARY EQUIPMENTS FLETCHER & BENNETT, 421 MAIN STREET.

SE WW CD HE HD SE

SMOKING TOBACCO. 3,000 LBS BECK & BACKMAN'S KILLICK nick; 200 lbs Wilmot & Berney's Killickfulck; 225 lbs Gennine Virginia. 225 lbs Gennine Virginia do;
25 gross As good as any other Man's;
bit do Washington;
10 do Spanish Hixed;
20 do Four Aced;
5 do Lone Hand;
5 do Lattle Biac;
15 do Han McGelbin;
15 do Ha H. Turkish;
5 do H. & H. Turkish;
15 do H. & H. Turkish;
15 do H. & H. Sinc-Cut;
15 do H. & H. Sinc-Cut;
18 store and for sale low by
1027 distin

PIPES AND STEMS. toss brief (PPES; do do Pipe Howle; do Meerschuum do; do Pipem.

2 do Imitation do de;
18 do Lava do de;
2 do common Wood Pipes;
10 do Fronch Ulay Pipes; assorted;
21 do Cherry Steins, assorted #12es;
2 do Hrier do;
1 do Guita Percha Steins; at
4 do Guita Percha Steins; at
4 do Guita Percha Steins; at
4 do Guita Percha Steins; at SUNDRIES.

Claur Cases; Digar Tubes, &c; at no2; dista McGtt.L'S, 30; Green st. CHEWING TOBACCO. 20 HOXES EXTRA VIRGINIA; Rentucky; 20 in No. 28 K. Th. A. TRACKETS;
Act gross Sweet Dwen Fine Cut;
28 do Sanny She do;
29 do Anderson's Salace Fine-Cut;
18 do Goodwid's Yellow Bank Fine-Cut;
10 do Lillienthal's Savory do;
10 by liblic Winter & Co., 's do;
In store and for sale low by
10.77 distin

CIGARS. 50,000 GERMAN CIGARS IN 1-16 BOXES; no2; distin do apmentle so in 1 lo do apmentle so in 1 100 BOXES HAMBURG PHEESE; BOXES HAMDS.
50 bible Green Apples;
50 long Collon Tarns;
50 long Collon Tarns;
50 bage Dried Fruits.
W. H. CRUTCHER, Agent,
625 Main stree

M OLASSES 20 barrels Plantation Mobasses;
5a barrels Reboiled Plantation Mobasses;
5a bail barrels Reboiled Plantation Mobasses;
5b bail barrels Reboiled Plantation Mobasses;
6b sale by [det] OARPN KE A CO. MERCHANTS' HOTEL ACTON YOUNG, PROPRIETOR,

FORMERLY OF NASHVILLE, TENS.) Sixth street, bet. Main and Market, Louisville, Ry. Taken Up, as Estrayed. TIWO BROWN HORSES (ONE WITH A small star in the forehead, and a noine colored mule, some seven or eight miles above the city, on the Otio river, and brought to my shable in the city of Louisville, corner, of Jetterson and Second streets, where the owner can get them upon proving property and paying charges.

THOS, HATMAN.

CERMAN SILVER, COPPER AND BRASS-ALL ratyles for officers and buglers.
10. P. FAULUS, 223 Main st. Furs! Furs! A FIRENII ANSORTMENT OF LADIES' and Misson' Fur Capes, Victorlines, Curis and Misson' Fur Capes, Victorlines, eat qualities and colors, from the finest subject to the commonest Coney for sale very low for casts. In 1997 PAATHER & SMITH.

Army Bugles.

WILL SELL OR EXCHANGE FOR OTHER property, real or personal, 391 ACRES OF KICH LAND IN LLINOUS, convenient to towns, railroads and achools. These lands the line flue bruing section of the Shale. Any person wishing in lay or trade property for the whole or part of them can write to me for particulars at Shepherdsville, Ky. Terms coay, no 21 dimawif.

For Sale or Exchange.

PRUIT TREES.

As THIS IS THE BEST SEASON FOR planting, we beg to call the attention of the public to our stock, embiacing all the most approved varieties of Peach, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Apricot and Apples. Also small fruits, Gooseberries, Raspberries, Currants, &c. The Trees are all strong and vigorous and warranted true to name. Also shade trees, consisting of Linden, Catalanton, Maple, & Evergreens and Flowering Shrubs of all varieties.

Kursery on Preston street, one such tron town. GEO, WALKER & Cu., Successors to E. Wilson

The following has been received at head-

" HERADQUARTERS 13 THE FIELD,

att packet. The Moderator passed up from St. Louis Mary Miller from Memphis, with a load of cotton. The Silver Moon passed down from Pittsburg to St.

B.5 The Cincinnati Commercial of resterdey says three ly for the Cincinnati and Wheeling trade, and it is a little odd that she comes here for her cabin We presum, however, that, although ncinnati manulactures turniture by the steam lond, yet t'and. Mason don't think any of it good

RIVER NEWS

B& The river was still falling slowly last evening,

BS The arrivals and departures vesterday, were told very announces. The Gen Buell was the Lincin-

rith about three leet nine inches water in the

Wenther clear and sessenable,

SALES - We learn that the steam r Ballic was sold storday, at New Atheny, to the Government for

HENDERSON -The Star Gray Eagle is the regular

The river at this point has risen about four feet succeduring, and is still rising slowly, with about a feet

hay, Business matters of all kinds were very dult on the whart. The weather was clerity, the sky was draped in that and darkness, and averything betokened winter man, and a lab in commerce.

Asserts, Saumel Pepper and Charley Plerce, yester-day, beight of Captain Charley Rhuigh, the Progress, for Scane, e.sh. Sie will go licto Southern operations without delay, and will prove a very valuable heat during the winter in the Southern rivers and bayons. Each of Exister will command the Progress.

We have heard to confirmation of the sale of the stagment death March and harman.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT, Thursday Syouling, Personner 4.

the for Mul's; Twine and Candlewick at 75c. Har-Dull at \$100011.

STOCK OF COFFEE, SUGAR AND MOLASSES IN

the distinct understanding that he shall receive the vacant Judgeship in Indiana. Total hhils, It is well understood that the President would appoint Schnyler Colfax, if he desired it, but he will not accept. It is not believed now that any ludianian will get Smith's place, and llolt, of Kentucky, seems SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 4. Sailed-The ship Magelan for Liverpool. Cargo-19,000 sacks wheat, 150 sacks cop-Markets flat. New hops received vla Panama, dull at 25c; dry hides, 141c; crushed sugar, 1310.
The Opher silver mine declared a De-General Wright has ordered troops to NEWBERN, N. C., via FORT. MOMROE, ?

Samo lime last year, of Rlo... 3,000 Of other descriptions........... 1,000

Flour-Tho "dvance in 10ld to-day has a favorable

ome use, and pretty good speculative inquiry at 74% gates for shipping mixed western; 02,6600 for unsound; see for choice white western. Oals more active and firm; considerable buying for Government, sales at 41-2007c for common to prime, and 63 for choice. Sugar to better, with moderate demand, New Or leans in antity; Muscovado 95c for fair refined. Mo-hoses duit. Coffee quiet and firm; Java 35c. Moderate business in Pork, and market a shade firmer at \$13 25@13 37 % for mess, and \$11 50,911 75 for prime, Beef market dull-small sales. Cut meals

WM. J. HUGHES & CO., COMMISSION AND FORWARDING

I. H. POINIER & CO., General Commission and Produce

LOUISVILLE, KY.

ORDERS AND CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED, and will meet with prompt attention. The highest market price in cash always paid for Feathers, Glusseng, Besswax, Ilkies, &c. ccl5 dif

JUST THE GENERAL FOR THE EXEMPTS,-

FLOUR AND GRAIN-Sales of 500 bbls superfine Flour al \$5 65; 1,500 bushels Wheat at 90cml on. Greekars - Sales of 2 libds and 10 blds New Orleans

Torareo-Sales at the warehouses of 104 hhds as follows: 1 at \$6 on; 7 at \$6 thous 95; 11 at \$9 onga9 55; 13 at 510 Onclo 75; 11 at \$11 (00411 75; 12 at \$12 (00012 75; 9 at

Florr unchanged—10c difference between buyers and eller; superflue held at \$5 206.5 25. Wheat unchang-Corn 112 tie. Oats 17250. Whisky No and in good

Balmoral Skirts. 1 CASE BALMORAL SKIRTS RECEIVED AND

no, The Evansville Journal of Wednesday, says:

## FINANCE AND TRADE,

\$19 (Ma)19 25; 2 at \$20 (Ma)20 25; 1 at \$22 (M.

.1,476

These pieces, estensibly ordered for Ship Island, near New Orleans, were really in-tended for Fort Morgan, at the entrance of

harbor. Other platforms were then order-ed. The glacis, or outside work prepared Hogs active for heavy at \$1 40664 50, but light are dull at \$464 20; receipts 12,000 head. No sales of Mess Pork There is an active demand for Lard, and prices for their reception at Fort Morgan, was pushed to completion. Floyd had all things are 'sad'c higher; closing with few sellers at she country sold at whiteshe, delivered at points in the inready for the great guns at Pittshurg, when events were precipitated by the rash trensor

Gold advanced to 131, Silver and Femands Notes 125. TO THE SOUTH FROM IT.—The London Exchange dull at par.

> prices are 2523c better; Chicago spring \$1 2031 22; \$11 - wankee club 31 24c 131; winter red western \$1 6061 42 . Corn tally ic better, with fair demand for export and

> ctive and firmer.
>
> Money easy at 6 B cent, on call. Sterling exchange rm, but very much unsettled; the nominal quotations re 115cal16 for merchants and 117 for bankers' bills.

Flour, Grain, Pork, Malt and Whisky. DET LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES MADE ON

[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.] upon the debt. Thus time alone relieves a lebtor natiou so long as its population increases faster than unpaid interest accu-mulates on its debt. This fact would be no excuse for delaying the payment of what is justly due; but it shows the great importance of time in this connection, the great advantage of a policy by which we shall not have to pay until we number a hundred millions, what, by a different policy, we could have to pay now when the number is but thirty-one millions. In a word, it shows that a dollar will be much harder to pay for the war than emancipation on the will be a dollar for proposed plan. And then the latter will cost no blood, no precious life. It will be a saving of both. As to the second article, think it would be impracticable to return to bondage the class of persons therein contemplated. Some of them, doubtless, in the property sense, belong to loyal owners, and hence provision is made in this article for compensating such. The third article relales to the future of the freed people. It loes not oblige but mercly authorizes Congress to ail in colonizing such as may consent. This ought not to be regarded as objectionable on the one hand, or on the other. insomuch as it comes to nothing unless by mutual consent of the people to be deported and the American voters, through their representatives in Congress. I cannot make it letter known than it already is, that I strongly favor colonization; and ye I wish to say, there is an objection urged against the colored persons remaining in he country, which is largely imaginary, if not sometimes malicious. It is insisted that their presence would injure and displace white labor and white laborers. If there ever could be a proper time for mere arguments, that time aurely is not now. In times like the present men should utter nothing for which they would not willingly be responsible through time and elernity. Is it true, then, that colored people can

displace any more white labor by being free than romaining slaves? If they stay in their old places they jostle no white laborers. If they leave their old places, they leave them open to white laborers. Logi-cally there is neither more nor less of it. Emancipation, even without deportation, would probably enhance the wages of white labor, and very surely would not reduce Thus the customary amount of labor would still have to be performed. The freed people would surely not do more than their old proportion of it, and very probably, for a time, would do less, leaving an in-creased part to white laborers, bringing their labor into greater demand, and, consequently, enhancing the wages of it. With deportation, even to a limited extent, enncing wages to while labor, is mathematically certain. Labor is like any other commodity in the market; increase the decountry, and by precisely so much you increase the demand for and the wages of white labor. But it is decided that the freed people will swarm forth, and cover the whole land. Are they not already in the land? Will liberation make them any more numerous? Equally distributed among the whites of the whole country, and there would be but one colored to seven whites. Could the one in any way greatly disturb the seven? There are many communities now having more than one free colored persons to seven whites, and this without any apparent consciousness of evil in its frequent petitions to Congress,
I believe it has never presented the presence of free colored persons as one of its than one free colored to six whites. Yet, grievances. But why should emancipation South send the freed people North? People people, to some extent, have fied North from burg. bondage, and now, perhaps, from both bondage and destitution; but if gradual ion and deportation be adopted. they will have neither to flee from. Their until new laborers can be procured; and the freed men, in turn, will gladly give their labor for the wages till new homes can be

ple of their own blood and race.

ostifon ran be trusted on the mutual intived, and in any event, cannot the North
teel, the word of the mutual intived, and in any event, cannot the North
teelf, whether to receive them? Again, as
yeer more than theory in any case, has
my eruption of colorad people northward
the abotishment of Shevery in this Blistrict
What I have askis of the proportion of free
suate the whites in the District is from
of 1860, having no reference to person
the shall have askis of the proportion of free
to which shall have any the shall have
not the National authority would be account its adoption; no will the war, no', proder the proclamation of Septemb'r 26
der, because of the recommendatior, of the
tacely adoption, i doubt not, way all bring
and thereby stay both. And notwith
is plan, the ecconomendation of at Congress
law by compensating any state which
unancipation before this plan shall have ely adoption, I doubt not, wow, at bring and thereby stay both. And notwithplan, the economendation that Congress we between the compensating any date which ancipation before this plv on shall have an in advance part of this plan had been an advance part of this plan is recamean not in exclusion of, but additioned for restoring and preserving the original properties as a period exclusively to its accommon as a period exclusively to its accommon as a period of the properties of payment, and the amounts would than will be the additional cost of the safely upo's force. It is most likely—and it would cost no blood at all theory as each without the concurrence will be come such without the concurrence by a testing their exceptible of their severally adopting enumeripation that the post of the their severally adopting enumeripation that appear the new yonstitutional enumerous would end the struggle most seminated with appear the new yonstitutional enumerous would end the struggle most seminated with a post the new yonstitutional enumerous would end the struggle most plant day appear the new yonstitutional enumerous would end the struggle most plant and property. upon the new constitutions would end the struggle now resulting spirity which should characterized to the Congress of the nation, by dapostrate of the unition, nor do I forget spon are my seniors, nor that many of you we rise that I in the conduct of public thrust that in view of the great responsition in me, you will be resirve in want of ourselves its any undue corrections in the conduct of public sponsors, is it doubted, then that the plan adopted, would shorten the way and the prospectity, and prospectity, and

werve. We shell nobly save or meanly lose the last best hope Other may succeed. This could not fail. The way is plain peaceful, generous, just —e. way high lich it Lidwed, the world will ever appland and od must ferever bless. WASHINGTON, Dec. 1, 1862.

The London Saturday Review the s sums up the effect of the French proposi-

In short, the mediation would be equivalent to a recognition of the South, and to a declaration of war with the North. The benevolent profession of putting a stop to useless bloodshed, could scarcely be discounected from the avowed intention of obtain-

ing cotton for European looms.
The suffering occasioned by the blockade may perhaps hereafter justify forcible in-tervention; but English opinion is almost unanimous in holding that the time has not yet arrived for overruling international

law, on the ground of political expediency.
The reception of Mr. Slidell at the Compiegne seems to indicate that the Emperor Napoleon has already settled the terms of an impending alliance with the Southern

PROMOTED .- We learn that the merited promotion of Colonel W. H. Lytle to a Brig- CIGARS, CIGARS. adier-Generalship has at last been made Colonel A. Moore, of the Twenty-eighth Ohio, has also been made a Brigadier-Gen-ral. Brigadier-General Hartsuff, of Michi-Wilolesale AND RETAIL DEALER IN VI-Ohio, has also been made a Brigadier-Genral. Brigadier-General Hartsuff, of Michigan, so well known to all Western men in
connection with Rosecrans' campaign in
Western Virginia, and distinguished at
South Mountain, is promoted to the MajorGeneralship.—Cincinnati Enquirer, 3d.

331 Third atreet, is old Poatofile Building,
WioLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN CItio lowest market price. Orders promptly attended

NEW YORK STATE BUTTER, IN FIRKINS AND
tube; also selected WINTER APPLES.

Total de Suttleres' Giolips on hand yet.

mozi de ABNER COOPER, 314 Main st.

Confederacy.

### TELEGRAPHIC.

From Testerday's "Evening News."]

Sigel Demands an Investigation of Pope's Charges.

"All Quiet on the Potomac."

Army News, &c.

Lee Moving Southward.

A Move Expected Soon.

Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4. HOUSE.

Various committees were called on for reports, but made none.

Mr. Aldrich introduced a bill granting the proceeds of certain public lands to aid in the construction of the Northern Pacific

Railroad. Referred. Mr. Wichliffe offered a resolution from the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire and report under what law there has been a Military Governor appointed for the District of Columbia, and all circumstances relative to this appointment. Mr. Wickliffe moved previous question-

32 for, 62 against. Mr. Biddle proposed an amendment, which Mr. Wickliffe accepted, that the Com-mittee also inquire under what authority

said military Governor extended his authority to Pennsylvania or any other State, and moved previous question. Mr. Otis moved to fay the resolution on

the table. Carried by 86 against 46. NEW YORK, Dec. 4. The Herald has the following: Washington, Dec. 2 .- There is nothing of

mportance from the army of the Polomac.

Averill's cavalry have not yet returned from their reconnoissance. Everything remains perfectly quiet, and there is no prospect of an immediate move-

The army is all supplied with rations and forage. The rebels have about fifty batteries, large and small, some mounting heavy guns which bear upon the north bank of the Rap-

It is said our pontoons, in being carried to position where they were to be used, passed nearly the whole distance along the river roads in plain view of the enemy; and this fact, together with the other that the proposed movement was expected by the Times' correspondent, induces the belief

that a desperate fight will ensue on an attempt on our part to cross. commodity in the market; increase the de-mand for it, and you increase the price of it. Reduces the supplyed black laboration of fresh vegetables have been ordered for Sumner's and Franklin's it. Reduce the supply of black labor, by colonizing the black laborer out of the country, and by precisely so much you in-

> to state that Burnside never possessed the confidence of the Government more than at present, and that since his recent visit to Washington the confidence has resulted in a very great increase in his powers and his liberation from many of the restraints

under which he previously labored.
All stories to the effect that the Army of from it. The District of Columbia and the States of Maryland and Delaware are all in this condition. The District has more in this condition. The District has more the Potomac will go into winter quarters power of inflicting further mischief.

them in such a manner as to be able either of any color seldom run unless there be of an attack in his flank, or to act as a resomething to run from. Heretofore, colored serve in case of an assault on Fredericks.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4. will demand an investigation of Pope's It is again rumored that Holt will have a place in the Cabinet.

The Treasurer's report will be presented found for them in congenial climes, and with people of their own blood and race.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4. A Falmouth letter of the 2d states that there are rumors and other indications of an early movement. If made, it will prob ably be a mere change of position, though involving, perhaps, a considerable engagement. Obstacles to a general and final advance of the army still exist.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4. A dispatch from San Francisco 3d, states that the President's message was received there in eight hours from Chicago.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 4. River 6 feet by pier mark and falling Weather clear and cold.

### FRESH BEEF! FRESH BEEF OFFICE U. S. COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 26th, 1862. SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT

by this office until 10 clocks, M. on Friday, becember ofth, 1862, for furnishing FRESH BEEF to the U.S. troops serving in the Department of the Cumberland.

It shall be a part of any contract made on this advertisement that if the troops layer the 1.

require. act to be made for four months, commence

Headquartera Strn Reo't Ky. Vols., Louisville, Ky., Nov. 24, 1862. Disserted From Company I., Avr. 1882. ]

Deserted From Company I., Avr. 1883 The Yolmileers, Francis E. Brady, a fifer, cullsted August 21, 1882, deserted November 19, 1882, he is about it years of age, 5 feet 5/2 inchee high, gray eyes, durk brown hair, light complexion, by occupation a tailor. Deserted from Lompany F., Sulfi Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, John Volker, a private; he is about 20 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, blue eyes, light hair, light complexion, born in Minden, Prussia, by occupation a laborer. Desorted from Domiany F, 34th Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, John Volker, a private; he is about 20 years of age, 5 feet 2 inches high, blue eyes, light halt. light complexion, born in Minden, Prussin, by occupation a laborer.

Deserted from Company K, 3th Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, Daniel A, Kinghorn, ministed August 2, 1862, deserted November 20, 1862; he is about 30 years of age, 5 feet 7% inches high, blue eyes, sandy half, andy complexion, born in Aberdeen, Scotland, by occupation a laborer.

Deserted from Company D, 3th Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, John W, Blake, a private, enlisted technical from Company H, 3th Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, John Fogarty, corporal, enlisted September 23, 1862, deserted November 19, 1662, inclined special color of age, 1862, deserted November 19, 1662, he is about 25 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, gray cyce, dark harr, light complexion, born in Fledand, by occupation a laborer.

Wan Barnes, enlisted August 7, 1862, deserted November 18, 1862, deserted Nove

abore.

Wan. Barnes, enlisted August 27, 1862, deserted Nosember 18, 1862; he is about 5 feet 4 inches high, black
yes, black hair, dark complexion, born in New York,
ye occupation a marble cutter.

The usual reward will be paid for each it delivered
of the Regiment.

By order of L. H. Ferrell, Lieut. Col. 31th Regiment
Kentucky Volunteers.

Kentucky Volunteers.
CHAS. GRUBER, Adj't 24th Ky. Beg't.
Official, Serg t Major Looney.
1026 SAMUEL BAKER, Main 409 street, 1 door east of Louisville

LOUISVILLE, KY. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Saddlery, Harness, TRUNKS, TRAVELING BAGS AND VALISES. Army Goods

oci6 cod2ma IN GREAT VARIETY. GEO. L. GRAYSER,

DESCRIPTIVE LIST

OF ABSENTCES FROM THE TWENTY-SECOND

Charles Hawkins, private, 5 feet 10 inches high, dark templexten, grey eyen, brawn halt, stoombootman, tallsled Nov. 26, 1831, at Frankfort, Ky., by Captain surrard, for 3 years. Deserted Ang. II, 1882.

John L. Hawkins, private, aged 19, 5 feet 3 inches night, dark complexion, gray eyes, light brown hair, steambootman, enthind thet. 4, '61, at Louisville, Ky., of Captain Hughes, for 3 years. Deserted August 11, by Captain Hindles, for 3 years. Descried August 11, Joan B. Hindles, private, aged 18, 5 feet 7 inches high, dark complexion, hazel eyes, block hair, culisted Ur. 8, 1801, or Louis-ille, Ky., by Captain Hughes, for 3 years. Its secred June 13, 1862.

James 10 Neil, private, aged 20, 5 feet 6 Inches high, florid complication, himself-scray eyes, dark hair, black-smith, critisted betton, black-scray eyes, dark hair, black-mitth, critisted betton, black-scray for a Louisville, Ky., by Captain Hughes, for 3 years. Pescrited Oct 21, 1862.

Algie Rush, private, aged 22, 5 feet 5 inches high, dark complexion, black eyes, black hair, butther, embered No. 6, 1801, at Louisville, Ky., by Capt Hughes, for 3 years. Descried Jan 13, 1862. COMPANY B.

William Barber, private, aged 22, 5 feet 94 Inches sigh, Halit complexion, blue eyes, light hair, from from up county, Ky, farmer, enlisted Det 25, 1861, at resempshing, by Captain Worthlugton, for 3 years, John M. Jupey, private, aged 18, 5 feet 7k in high, rted Qct 28, 1862.

nr M. Pupey, private, aged 18, 5 feet 78, in ligh, complexion, have eyes, black hair, born in Graenmuty, kt., tarmer, enlisted October 28, 1861, at mapslung, by Caphan Worthington, for 3 years, ted 18t 35, 1862.

sert Goodman, private, aged 20, 5 feel 2 in high, complexion, blue eres, black hair, born in Floyd y, kv., tarmer, chilsted Gct 23, 1861, at Greenme-By Captain Worthington, for 3 years. Deserted 21, 1862. nity, kv., tarmer, ellistic (cf. 25, res., at therefore, pr. ly Captain Worthington, for 3 years. Deserted it 21, 1822.

Visino kviger, privale, aged 19, 5 feet 11 in high, fair implexion, bine eyes, dark hair, born in Virginia, din r, conlisted (ct. 25, 1861, at Camp Swigert, by Capt estimation, for 3 years. Beserted March 15, 1822.

Alten Morris, private, aged 32, 5 feet 75 in high, fair implexion, bine eyes, light hair, born in Greenup mity, kv., laborer, enlisted cet 25, 1861, at Greensburg, by Paptain Worthington, for 3 years. Bested July 3, 1882.

Baniel Mctioweo, private, aged 22, 5 feet 11 is in high, thi complexion, blue eyes, sandy hair, born in Adams mity. (thio, tarmer, enlisted Cet 31, 1861, at Camp elgert, by Captain Worthington, for 3 years. Betted Sup 21, 1862.

Charles McLowen, private, aged 21, 5 feet 16 in high, are complexion, blue eyes, dark hair, born in Adams mity. Clin, tarmer, culisted Novi 1, 1861, at Camp sugert, by Captain Worthington, for 3 years. Betted Liu 2, 282, Captain Worthington, for 3 years. Betted Liu 2, 282, Captain Worthington, for 3 years. Betted Liu 2, 282, Lipida Betted Liu, private, aged 24, 5 feet high, fair complexion, blue eyes, light hair, born in tirecompcouncy, ky, farmer, enhisted Dec 19, 1801, at Camp swigert, by Captain Worthington, for 3 years. Beserted Agril, 1862.

COMPANY C.

Joseph W. Abrams, prirate, aged 19, 5 feel 10 inches night, intr-complexion, blue eyes, dark hair, born in Madison county, ay., farmer, enlisted liet 26, lest, at camp Sulgert, by Captain Lacey, for 3 years. Lives hear fire imposing, Ky.

Lonis Keaton, private, aged 21, 5 feel 41/2 in high, ack cotoplaxion, gray eyes deak hair born in Morgan county, Ky., borner, enlisted liet 24, 1841, at Campan year, and the cotoplaxion gray eyes dark hair born in Morgan county, Ky., borner, enlisted liet 24, 1841, at Campan year, and a service of the consequence of the complexion gray eyes, dark hair, born in Morgan county of the county of the complexion, gray eyes, dark hair, born in Morgan. Cars.

Favid Flinders, private, aged 23, 5 feet 10 in high, ight complexion, blue eyes, hark hair, tarmer, enlist-d Nov 2a, 18a1, at Camp Swigert, by Captala Lacey, or 3 years. r 3 years.
Mortan Swops, private, dark complexion, gray eyes,
ark hair, valusted April 17, 1802, at Lexington, Ky.,
y Captain Lucey, for 3 years. Lives on Ked River,

Manchester, Ky.

COMPANY D.

A. J. Alexander, private, aged 19, 5 feet 10 in high, fair complexion, blue eyes, light hair, born in Oliva Hill, Ky., tarmer, enlisted Oct 21, 1861, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain James W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserted from Ashinand, Ky., Warch 18, 1862.

H. W. Aldridge, private, aged 22, 5 feet 5 in high, dark complexion, blue eyes, dark hair, born in Lawrence county, 9tho, darmer, entisted Oct 21, 1861, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain J. W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserted from Ashinted, Ky., Jan 15, 1862.

T. H. Betorny, private, aged 23, 5 feet bligh, fair complexion, gray eyes, light hair, born in Olive Hill, Ky., latmer, enlisted Oct 24, 1861, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain J. W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserted from Grayson, Ky., Hec 6, 1861.

Ateena Hrawn, private, aged 19, 5 feet 6 in high, dark complexion, black eyes, dark hair, born in Fruitsville, Ky., murch [2], 1862.

James Blovins, private, aged 32, 5 feet 10 in high, fair complexion, blue eyes, light hair, born in Olive Hill, Ky., termer, enlisted Nov 4, 1861, at Grayson, Ky., by Capt J. W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserted from Grayson, Ky., by Capt J. W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserted from Grayson, Ky., by Capt J. W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserted from Grayson, Ky., by Capt J. W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserted from Grayson, Ky., by Capt J. W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserted from Grayson, Ky., by Capt J. W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserted from Grayson, Ky., by Capt J. W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserted from Grayson, Ky., by Capt J. W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserted from Fiketon, Ky., April 1, 1862.

Joseph Fleids, private, aged 20, 6 feet bligh, fair complexion, bline eyes, light hair, born in Olive Hill, Ky., and J. Grayson, Ky., by Capt J. W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserted from Grayson, Ky., by Capt J. W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserted from Grayson, Ky., by Capt J. W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserted from Grayson, Ky., by Capt J. W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserted from Grayson, Ky., by Capt J. W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserted from Grayson, Ky., by Capt J. Scott, fo

h Fleids, private, aced 20, 6 feet high, dark xion, black eves, black heir, born in Olive Hall IJ, W. Scott, for 3 years. Deserved from Pike-Scott, for 3 years. Descrice from Grapous, Rays, and J. hason, private, aged 30, 5 feet 7 in high, southplexion, blue eyes, dark harr, born in Olive lays, tar.cor, aniisted Oct 24, 1801, at Grayson, by J. W. Scott, for 3 years. Descrited from Campert, Bee 13, 1862, piece Jones, private, aged 23, 5 feet 7 in high, fair daxion, dark vyes, brown hair, born in Olive Hitt, farmer, ministed Oct 21, 1861, at Grayson, Ky, by Scott, lor 3 years. Descrited from Ashland, Ky., 29, 1862.

line, prirate, agod 48, 5 feet 4 in high, dark

Ky., Jan 15, 1562.
W. E. Jimos, private, aged 18, 5 feet 5 in high, full romplexion, grap eyes, dark hair, born in Bath conuty, Ky., turner, enlisted Oct 21, 1862, at Gasyson, Ky., by J. W. Scott, bor 3 years. Deserted from Morgan county, Ky., Sept 3, 1862. COMPANY E.

Thomas B. Baker, private, aged 39, 5 ft 10 in high, dark complexion, dark eyes, dark holt, laborer, entisted testoter to, 1801, at 57 ay son, Ky., by Captain Ellis, nor 3 years. Beautical testoter 10, 1802.

Win, Bivens, private, aged 24, 5 tt 10 in high, dark complexion, dark eyes, dark hair, latturer, entisted testoter is, 1801, at 57 ay son, Ky., by Captain Ellis, for 3 years. Reserved January 25, 1802.

Ett t. Duzan, private, 5 tt 10 in high, light complexion, blue eyes, cutch hair, bornin traffer county, Ky., by Captain Ellis, for 3 years. Described April 2, 1862.

Limbar H. Januer, private, aged 19, 6 th high, light complexion, blue eyes, fight hair, born in Carrier county, Ky., thruser, cultisted testoter 18, 1801, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Ellis, for 3 years. Descried Describer 14, 1802. COMPANY E.

COMPANY F. Albert Arthur, private, age 23, 6 ft high, light com-lexion, blue cose, light hair, 61 Greenup county, Ky., traner, enlisted November 21, 1841, at Greenupsburg, (y., b) Lectimant Morlon, for 3 years; Descried DeU. S. DISTRICT COURT.

NOTICE.

(No. 81) UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, SS DISTRICT OF KENTICKT. SS WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN filed in the District Court of the Phited States.

JAMES HARLAN, I. S. Attorney.

Dated Nov. 19, 1882.

NOTICE. [No. 79.] UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, 169 [No. 79.] UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.)

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN WHIch and for the flustrict Court of the United States, within and for the flustrict of Kentucky, on the 19th day of November, A. D., 1892, by James Harlan, Esq., Attorney for the Furled States for the Bistrict of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein, as well in behalf of the United States, as of Charles B. Cotten, Surveyor of the Port of Louisville, against 1 box 683 dezen) Ground Pepper, I case Cauxas Shoes, 1 keg Whisky, 2 boxes Plakles, 5 houses Preserves, 1 lear Cove Hysters, Plax Sardines, 1 hox Tras, 12 boxes Whisky throated Lemon Wines, 3 leaves Tobacce, 2 aughl boxes of Tobacca and 3 rasses of Steri's Bnots, alleging in substance that sand grads and articles were shipped from the part of Louisville, in and District of Kentucky, on the 10th day of August, A. B., 1852 as forfeited to the United States; that add articles were shipped from the part of Louisville, in and District of Kentucky, on the 10th day of August, A. B., 1852, to the State of Alabama and the town of Athens, in violation of the Act of Congress and the precianation of the United States interlicting all commercial Intercourse between the citizens and headships of Sate States of Alabama and the civiles. H. C. McDOWELL, U. S. M. K. D. James Harlan, U. S. Attorney. Pated Nov. 19th, 1862. noco d14

NOTICE.

No. St. 1 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. Bustret of Kentucky.

Wilereas an Information Has Been within and for the District Court of the United States, within and for the District of Kentucky, on the 2sti day of November, A. R., 182, by James Harlan, Esq. Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 2sti day of November, A. R., 182, by James Harlan, Esq. Attorney for the United States as of Charles B. Cotton, Surveyor of the Pert of Louisville, against 12 boxes brandy, marked N. M. Williams & Co., Shelbyville, Teun, Sp Bebrasings, 1 box of goods for making machine cards, 4 rolls of leather, 2 vashs of leadware, 1 roll of leather, 2 vashs of leather, 2 places of restings, and if head of leather, 2 vashs of old leather, 2 vashs of Sec. as forfeited to the United States (that said articles were skipped from the port of Louisville, in said patrict of Kentacky, and the port of Louisville, in said patrict of Kentacky, and the port of Louisville, in said patrict of Kentacky, and the port of Louisville, in said patrict of the United States, and against the said of the United States and Inhabitanta of the rest of the United States of America, shd praying process against the same that the same and by accordented as forleited as aloresaid.

Now, ther NOTICE.

No. 26.] UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, BISTRICT OF KENIICKY. WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN tiled in the District Court of the United States, within and for the Instrict Of Kentucky, on the 28th day of November, A. B., 1862, by James Harlan, Esq. Alterney for the United States for the Restrict of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein, as wall in behalf of

MOTICE. No soil INITED TO A DE AMERICA.

o interpose their claims, and to make their allega-lons in that brindf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, Deputy.
FOR H. C. McDOWELL, U. S. M. K. D.
JAMES HARLAN, U. S. Attorney.
Batel, November 29, 1862.

no29 d14

NOTICE.

No. 82. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Bustator of Kentecky.

WHEREAS, A LIBRU OF INFORMATION HAS

w. A. MERIWETHER, Deputy, For H. P. McDiWELL, U. S. M. K. D. James Hanlan, U. S. Attorney, Dated November 29, 1862. DESERTED.

Dividends are declared annually to the two Life premiums. A dividend of the per cont. and a special dividend of the per cont. and a special dividend of the per cont. The dividends are paid to aid the insured in settling future premiums. The dividends are paid to aid the insured in settling future premiums. These who pay their premiums in cash receive the dividends when redoemed in cash; and those who give notes, by credit on the notes.

The affairs of the Company are periodically subjected to the strictest scruttry.

HEADQUARTERS, MIH KY., VOLUNTERS, Louisville, Ky., Nov. 14, 1892.

PARNEY LOURY, OF TO. F. THIRTY-FOURTE is about 5 test 35 inches high, blue eyes, dark hair dark complexion; born in Westphalen, Prussia, and by comparing a believer.

The similar reward will be paid if returned to this content of the strictest scruttry.

E. WILSON. [KETABLISHED IN 1827.]

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ARTHUR PATER

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containing Sixty large Pages, and Thirty Fine Plan and Engravings of the Anatomy and Physiology the Sexual Organs in a state of idealth and Disease

ul habit of self-abuse. To which is added observations on FEMALE DISEASES, and other interesting from the base matter of the utmost importance to the married, anthone contemplating marriage, who cutertain donly of their physical ability to cuter that state. Sent the say address in a scaled wrapper, on receipt of Ten Center or four stamps.

Those afflicted with property of the property of the contemplating marriage and the contemplating marriage.

on address in a souled wrapper, on receipt of Ten Cents or four stamps.

Those afflicted with any of the above diseases, heliera placing themselves under the freatment of any one, should first read this work.

Wa devote our entire time and then those the treatment of the various private diseases treated of in our Beport. Our Dispensary is the only limitation of the kind in America, which has been established by a special charter, and this fact should give it a preference over the various gracks of doubtful character to be omn in all large cities.

TO FNSALES.—Special attention given to all disasses of Fernance. Also for sale

DR. DR. W.K.S. REGULATUR PILLS—For Female Obstructions, Irregularities, &c. Married ladies in crtain situations should not one them, as they would cause MISCASMIAGE. Price 31 per box, and may be only mail. nual.
GALEN'S PREVENTIVE—An invaluable ar ar those wishing to limit the number of their

will had for a lifetime, will be sent to any address ma-der seal, on the receipt of the price—TWU IDULARS. PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—By sending a brief statement of their symptoms, will receive a librar, thart containing a list of questions, our terms for the sourse of treatment, dc. Medicines sent to any part of the country tours any case at home, lice from damage or currosity.

The Committing Sprigeon, who is a regular graduate

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The Consulting Surgeon, who is a regular graduate of one of the first institutions of the country, and of large argerience in the Irestment of Venereal Director, still give his personal attention to office patients during any hoar of the day or evening. Consultations and examinations strictly private and tree of chatge.

OFVICE—No. 34 With attreet, between Market and Jedierson, west side.

To insure safety to all ellers, direct to GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY, maily dawis

DR. GATES' PRIVATE MEDICAL DISPENSARY Conducted on the European Plun, FOR THE CURK OF ALL PRIVATE DISEASES DR. H. G. MILLER & CO.,



Proprietora. THOSE AFFLICTED WITH ALY (Instance of a PRIVALE NATURE, such as Gouverhea, Gloet, Stricture, Primary or Secondary Syphilm, Seninal Weakness, Sexual Detailty, Impotency, Harrenness, or any disease of the Gental or bridsease of the Gental or bridsease of the Gental or bridsease.

first read our New Treatise on Sexual Debnity, sent by mail to any midross on receipt of one three cent postage stamp. This work contains much valuable information never before published, and of the most vital importance to the health and nappiness of every individual, both unale and lemnis. It contains an elaborate treatise on the health and nappiness of every individual, both unale and lemnis. It contains an elaborate treatise on the health and seases incident to the Gentless of the various diseases incident to the Gentless of the various diseases incident to the Gentless of the Act of the Memerics. Prices, Ac. TO THE LAITES,—We are orgents for Mad. Caprall's PENALA MONTHLY PILES, a safe and effect intensity for all lemnish diseases, such as It's minute. So Destructions of the Memerics, Whites, &c. Price by mail, \$1 and one postage stamp. Whites, &c. Price by mail, \$1 and one postage stamp.

Also, for M. La Croix Ference Parexentive Powders. By their new married ladies may limit the innuster of their offspring at pleasure without the least danger of lajury to health. They act by presenting conception taking place. One box will last for years. Price by mail, \$2 and two postage stamps.

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Persons wishing to commit us personally on any of the above diseases will find us at our office, north-cast corner Third and Market street; private entrance on Third street, from 8 a. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 8 and 7 to 9 P. M.; Sundays from 8 to 11 a. M. N. entance for consultation or examinations. Consultation from some sariety wrives. DES. H. O. MILLER & Co., Louisville, Ky.

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Was never belief than at present, and offered on good terms as can be found in the city. My sty entirely new. Call and examine. AGRICULTURAL.

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1M bbls prime white Neshannock;
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ain Pumps, Water Drawers, Plows, Fodder au aw Cutters, Cornshellers, Wheat Fabs, Salisag tiers and Stuffers, &c., in store and for sale by MUNN & CO., WM. B. WILSON, SUCCESSOR TO G. W. BASHAW.

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)NAND AFTER TUISTAY, NOVEMBER 278, Passan or and Field in Fr for will the through to ashville, without change of cars. 10 A. u.- PASSENGER GRAIN & r Lebau n. Perry-vitle, Danville, Harr dsbing, Lampb lisville and tolumbia, dair icy pt sm 4 ; .

0 x. u -PASSI NOFR TRAIN for Bowlin screen and Ru divide, n M input Branch-Frankha and Schwill on man feet. THEOUGH FREIGHT TRAIN for Nashville 48 1 00 on v M - WAY FREIGHT TRAINS r B wlinger and all way Stations, will leave every Mendag Wido by and Fred:
French in hint I quintiles for Bowlinggrees
and way States, well in received in Depot of
To be, Thursdays and a cleans

DA M-FRED HITTRAINITL P B Branch. Ber All treights for chipmen' most be in Depot by P. M. B. MARSHEL. LOUISVILLE AND FRANKFORT

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PRIMIT TRAINS leave Lensello on Mondays, Weblith Trains leave Lensello on Mondays, PERICHT TRAINS leave Lexisotto on Tuesdays, Fright is received and disense general in a redshing, \$500 p. in.

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Winchester, Nichelasville, face return, Schelbytille, and other lowes in the interior, for sate, and all further information ran be be at the Dept in Louistille, corner of Jefferson and Krock arreit.

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DOMPANY A

wargert, by Captain Lacey, for 3 years. Lires near iresempelare, Kv.

End Jenkine, private, aged 27, 5 feet 7% in high, fair complexion, gray eyes, dark hair, born in Morgan county ky, larmer, enlisted Nov 19, 1861, at Camp wigert, by Captain Lacey, for 3 years. Lives near freenupsburg, ky.

John Chirk, private, aged 19, 5 feet 5% in high, dark complexion, gray eyes, dark hair, born in Greenupsburg, ky.

Wiltiam S. Larr, private, aged 20, 5 feet 9½ in high, ight complexion, bone eyes, dark hair, born in Pennsylvania, larmer, enhisted Nov 1, 1861, at Camp wigert, by Captain Lacey, for 3 years. Lives near Greenupsburg, ky.

Wiltiam S. Larr, private, aged 20, 5 feet 9½ in high, ight complexion, bone eyes, dark hair, born in Pennsylvania, larmer, enhisted Nov 1, 1861, at Camp wilgern, by Captain Lacey, for 3 years. Lives near Greenupsburg, ky.

Joseph Shettou, private, aged 21, 6 feet 1 in high, light complexion, blue eyes, light hair, larmer, enlisted for 24, 1861, at Camp Swigert, by Captain Lacey, for 3 years. Lives near Greenupsburg, ky.

Illrem B Virgin, private, aged 30, 5 feet 10 in high, lark complexion, gray eyes, dark hair, born in Admin county, blub, eteanboatman, enlisted Nov 29, 1861, at lamp Swigert, by Captain Lacey, for 3 years. Lives near Concord, ky.

Louis Tacket, private, aged 19, 5 feet 5 in high, dark month in dark green, dark hair, born in Morgan enter Concord, ky. Concord, Ky.

is Tacket, private, aged 19, 5 feet 5 in high, dark
texion, dark eyes, dark hair, born in Morgan

3, Ky., farmer, enliated August 15, 1852, at Camp
ada, Knox county, Ky., by Captain Lucey, for 3 Daines Wills, private, aged 43, 5 feel 8 in high, light implexion, blue eyes, gray hair, farmer, enlisted Nov h, 1991, at Camp Swigert, by Captain Lacey, for 3

by Captain Lacey, for 3 years. Lives on hos arch, Kentinek).
Edward Sizemore, private, light complexion, blue eyes, hight hatr, enlisted April 2s, 62, at Harboursville, ky., by Captain Lacey, for 3 years. Lives near Manchester, Ky.
James Smith, private, aged 28, 5 feet 10% inches bigh, light complexion, blue ayes, dark hair, born in Knox-county, kt., farmer, enlisted April 2s, 62, attBarboursvirle, ky., by Captain Lacey, for 3 years. Lives near Manchester, Ky.

COMPANY D.

fiel.

darion B. Radeliffe, private, aged 25, 5 ft 10 in high,
hi complexion, blue eyes, light hair, born in Carter
inty, tarmer, entisted, betober 10, 1861, at Grayson,
, by Captain Elia, for 3 years. Beserted April 18, Phellx S. Ratriffe, private, aged 29, 5 ft 11 in high, numbergien, blue eyes, light hair, of Lewis comp. In mer, chlisted October 10, 1861, at Grayso Captain Ellis, for 3 years. Hescried Decembe

those who give notes, by credit on the notes.

Ry, by heutemant Morion, for 3 years; Descried December 10, 1861.

Alfred L. Gook, prirate, age 28, 5 feet 5 in high, light complexion, gray eyes, light harr, of Chreimant, Ohio, panter, entitled thother 4, 1861, at Londwille, Ky, by Captain Hagles, for 3 years. Transferred from company A January 12, 1862, and described March 27, 1862.

John Cullius, private, age 28, 5 fit high, light complexion, gray eyes, brown hair, of Pike complexion, block eyes, black hair, of Bath county, Ky, target, enlisted November 23, 1861, at Greenupsburg, Ky, by Captain Garrard, for 3 years. Described September 1, 1862.

Terrill Tipton, private, age 24, 5 ft 7 in high, dark complexion, block eyes, black hair, of Bath county, Ky, target, enlisted November 6, 1861, at Frankfort, Ky, by Captain Garrott, for 3 years. Described December 10, 1861.

Description a laborer. The assual reward will be paid if returned to this to the strictest scrutiny. The strict of the strictest acruliny. Another 18 to the strictest acruliny. The notes of the Company are periodically subjected to the complexion, president.

ENDERY L. PATTERSON, President.

L. H. FERRELL, ENDERY, Vol. CHAS. GRUBER, CHAS. GRUBER, Addition 3 laborer. The usual reward will be paid if returned to this to the strictest acruliny. The strict of the strictest acruliny. The strict of the strictest acruliny. The strict of the strictest acruliny authers and periodically subjected to the complexion of the Company are periodically subjected to the strictest acruliny. The strict of the Company are periodically subjected to the strictest acruliny. The strict of the Complexion, President.

ENDERY L. PATTERSON, President.

ENDERY L. PATTERSON, President.

L. H. FERRELL, C. H. Ferried and the strictest acruliny. The strict of the strictest acruliny. The strict o

Hiram B. Roberts, private, age 28, 5 ft 8 in high, fuir

COMPANY G.

Hiram B. Roberts, private, age 28, 5 % 8 in high, fair complexion, hive eyes, light hair, carder, enlisted (boller 25, 186), at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Jones, br 3 years. Beserted at Louisa, Ky., January 31, 1852.

Braxton Stewart, private, age 22, 5 it 16 in high, fair complexion, blue eyes, light hair, farmer, episted tettiber 25, 1861, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Jones, for three years. Deserted in Greenap county, Ky., January, 1862.

L'harles H. Stewart, private, age 45, 5 ft 8 in high, nallow complexion, black eyes, gray balt, farmer, enliated October 25, 1861, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Jones, for 3 years. Deserted in Knox county, Ky., May 6, 1862. ones, for 3 years, preserved in Recording to the property of t March 16, 1862, al Priceton, Ky., by Captain Hegan, for 3 years. Descried at Cumberland Gap, August 2, 1862.

Jeronie B. Welch, private, ago 29,5 ft 6 in high, dark complexion, black eyes, blark linit; endisted bytober 25, 1861, at trayson, Ky., by Uaptain Jones, for 3 years, Isserted in Greening county, Ky., January, 1862.

Alexander Walker, private, ago 31, 5 ft 16 in high dark complexion, while a private, ago 31, 5 ft 16 in high dark complex long and the frameon, Ky., by Captain Jones, for 3 years. Descrited in Knox county, Ky., January, 1862.

Willey Literal, private, age 28, 5 ft 16 in high, fixed county and the fixed fixed of the fixed of th

1861.

James C Justice, private, age 24, 5 ft 5 in high, fair complexion, blue eyes, dark hair, of Pike county, by., farmer; enlisted March 10, 1862, at Piketin, Kv., by Captain Cook, for 5 years. Deserted April 37, 1862.

William C. Justice, private, age 28, 5 feet 8 in high, fair complexion, black eyes, light hair, of Pike county Kv., farmer; exlisted March 11, 1862, at Piketon ky., by Captain Cook, for 3 years. Deserted April 27, 1862. Ky., by Captalu Cook, for 3 years. Deserted April 27, 1962.

Mason W. Koaton, private, are 25, 5 ft fthe in high, red complexion, gray eyes, sandy hair, of Mergan county, Ky, farmer; enlisted October 21, 1861, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Cook, for 3 years. Deserted April 21, 1862.

George W. McMillion, private, aged 32, 5 ft 10 in high, fair complexion, blue eyes, light hair, of Va., farmer; enlisted October 31, 4861, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Cook, for three years. Deserted April 21, 1842.

Gabriel C. Parsons, private, age 37, 5 ft 10 in high, red complexion, blue eyes, sandy hair, farmer; enlisted Decomber 12, 1862, at Camp Swigert, by Captain Cook, for 3 years. Deserted January 4, 1862.

Egbert Womack, private, age 20, 5 feet a in high, fair complexion, gray eyes, light hair, of Carter county, Ky., farmer; enlisted October 10, 1861, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Cook, for 3 years. Beserted July 1, 1862.

COMPANY 1.

Wiley B. Hill, private, age 32, 6 ft 2 in high, fair complexion, gray eyes, yellow hair, of Morgan county, Ky., farmer: enlisted October 1, 1801, at Hrayson, Ky., by Captini Neithercutt, for 3 years. Descreed Aprils, Martin Ison, private, age 35, 6 lt 1 in high, fair omplexion, black eyes, fair hair, of Biorgau county, y, larmer; enlisted October I, 1861, at Grayson, Ky, y l'aptain Neithercutt, for 3 years. Deserted April 8, James Gilbert, prirate, age 18.6 ft by in high, full complexion, blue eyes, yellow hair, farmer; enlisted betober 1, 1951, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Neithermett, for 3 years. Deserted April 20, 1862.

George W. Lowe, private, age 18.5 ft 9½ in high, fair complexion, blue eyes, dark hair, of Carter county, Ky, farmer; enlisted October 1, 1801, at Grayson, ky., by Captain Neithercutt, for 3 years. Deserted April 20, 1862. 1, 1862. Halley Lowe, prirate, age 18,5 ft 10 in high dark con-lexion, blue eyes, dark hair, of Carter county, Ky., straner; enlisted October 1, 1861, at Grayson Kv., by aptain Neithercutt, for 3 years. Descried March 5, plexion, blue eyes, dark halr, of Va., farmer; cullsted october I, 1881, at trayson, ky, by Captaun Neithercent, for 3 years. Deserted December I3, 1861.

James Boggs, printer, age 20, 5 tr 92, 1u high, fair complexion, blue eyes, dark halr, of Va., harmer; enterted tectober I, 1801, at Orayson, ky., by Captain Neithercuit, for 3 years. Deserted December I8, 1801.

Stephen Gilliert, private, age 34, 5 ft s in high, dwic complexion, dark eyes, dark halr, of Carter county, ky., farmer; enlisted thetoler, 1, 1861, at Grapson, ky., by Captain Neithercuit, for 3 years. Deserted December I3, 1861.

COMPANY I.

Nelson Carroll, private, ago 41, 6 ft high, dark com-slexion, dark eyes, dark hair, of Carter county, Ky., atmor; onlisted October 1, 1861, at Grayson, Ky., by apriain Nelthercutt, for 3 years. Deserted December 3, 1861. 3, 1861.

Keenis F. Lacey, private, age 23, 5 ft 9 in high, fair complaxion, blue experience in the complaxion, at company, Ry ov Captain Xelthercutt, for Syears. Pearer del Bec. m.

ert H. Johnson, private, age 18, 5 ft 6 ln high, omplexion, blue eyes, light hair, of Carter com-y, farmer; enlisted betolar 1, 1861, at tiravson, by Captain Nelthercutt, for 3 years. Deserted Ky , by Captain Nelthercutt, for 3 years. Deserted April 25, 1862.

James Jennings, private, age 24, 5 ft 9 in high, dark complexion, dark eyes, black hair, of Botston country, Va., laborer; enlisted October 1, 1861, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Neithercutt, for 3 years. Deserted October 25, 1862.

William F. Nowell, private, age 22, 5 ft 10 in high, dark complaxion, dark eyes, dark hair, of Carter country, Ky., intorer, anlisted October 1, 1861, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Neithercutt, for 3 years. Deserted October 1, 1862.

Latham Bosiey, private, age 28, 5 ft 99 in high, dark complexion, dark eyes, black hair, of Lewis country, Ky., laborer; enlisted October 1, 1861, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Neithercutt, for 3 years. Deserted October 3, 1862.

David Bartee, private, age 19, 6 ft 4 in high, fair complexion, blue eyes, light hair, of Russell country, Va., laborer; enlisted October 1, 1861, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Neithercutt, for 3 years. Deserted October 1, 1862, october 1, 1862, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Neithercutt, for 3 years. Deserted October 1, 1862, october 1, 1862, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Neithercutt, for 3 years. Deserted October 1, 1862, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Neithercutt, for 3 years. Deserted October 1, 1862, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Neithercutt, for 3 years. Deserted October 1, 1862, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Neithercutt, for 3 years. Deserted October 1, 1862, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Neithercutt, for 3 years. Deserted October 1, 1862, at Grayson, Ky., by Captain Neithercutt, for 3 years.

Captain Nettnercutt, for 3 years. Peserted October 1, 1862.

Francis McGuire, private, ago 27, 5 ft 6 in high, red complexion, gray eyes, yellow hair, of farter vounty, Ky, tarmer; enlisted October 1, 1862, at Brayson, Kv, tarmer; enlisted October 1, 1862, at Brayson, Kv, 1, 1862.

Renjamin F. Dickerson, private, ago 28, 5 ft 11 in high, dark complexion, black ryes, black hair, of Lawrence county, Ky, farmer; enlisted October 1, 1864, at Grayson, Ky, 187 Captain Neithercutt, for 3 years Deserted Sept. 1, 1862.

COMPANY K.

Charles Rohr, private, see 25, 6 ft high, dark complex-on, gray eyes, dark half, of Germany, stone-entter; in lated October 16, 1861, at Louisville, Ky., by Cap-min L. S. hweizer, for 3 years. Descried October 2, 2. 1882.
Biedrick Teppenhoff, private, age 31, 5 ft 6 in high, light complexion, blue cyes, light hair, of Germany, laker, entisted October 16, 1861, at Lonisville, Ky., by Captain L. Schweizer, for 3 years. Descried October 1, 1862.

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